Electrofishing Survey Results for Coastal Plain Streams on the Francis Marion National Forest, South Carolina, 2002



United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service Southern Research Station Center for Aquatic Technology Transfer

> 1650 Ramble Rd. Blacksburg, VA 24060-6349





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January 2003

Table of Contents

Introduction	2
Survey Area	2
Methods.	
Results	4
Discussion and Recommendations	4
Literature Cited	7
Acknowledgements	8
Survey Area Maps.	9
Table 1. List of sites visited in summer 2002	23
Table 2. Number of sites at which species were captured in 1993 and 2002	24
Appendix A: Stream Summaries	26
Index of Stream Summaries	27
Appendix B: Electrofishing Results.	57
Appendix C: Key to habitat features identified during habitat surveys	67
Table C1. Description of habitat types	
Table C2. Size classes used to categorize substrate particles	
Table C3. Size classes used to categorize large woody debris	68

Introduction

In 1993, the Francis Marion Nation Forest (FMNF) formed a cooperative agreement with the Belle W. Baruch Institute for Marine Biology and Coastal Research to perform baseline fish surveys of the Forest's freshwater coastal plain streams. The purpose of the survey was "to develop a snapshot of the forest fishes in the Francis Marion and to estimate species diversity and relative abundance" (Hansbarger and Dean 1994). Between February and July 1993, fish surveys were performed at 53 sites using a combination of backpack electrofishing and light traps. Water chemistry data (dissolved oxygen and pH) and qualitative habitat descriptions were also recorded.

In 2002, the FMNF and the U. S. Forest Service Southern Research Station Center for Aquatic Technology Transfer (CATT) re-surveyed 29 of the 53 sites sampled in Hansbarger and Dean (1994). We sampled at the same locations as in 1993, but with slightly different methods to assess the current diversity and relative abundance of fish species in FMNF streams and compare with 1993 survey results. This report summarizes the results of the 2002 surveys and where possible compares results between the 1993 and 2002 surveys.

Survey Area

All streams were located within the coastal plain region of the FMNF. At least two sites per major watershed were sampled in 2002. Within each watershed, priority was given to the sites with the highest species diversity or the presence of American eels in 1993 (Jeanne Riley, pers. comm.). Sites were located near road crossings to remain consistent with Harnsbarger and Dean (1994) and to facilitate access (see 'Survey Area Maps' section). The site numbers used in the present report correspond to the site numbers used in Hansbarger and Dean (1994).

Methods

Sampling methods used during the 1993 surveys are described in detail in Hansbarger and Dean (1994). The 1993 surveys consisted of a single pass with an AC backpack electrofishing unit through a 100-yard reach. One electrode on the shocker was equipped with a net and a second individual also captured fish with a dipnet. Blocknets were placed at the upstream and downstream ends of the sample reach. At some sites the electrofishing was supplemented with light traps, although these did not catch any additional species of fish. Captured fish were counted, measured, and weighed. Habitat characteristics were described and dissolved oxygen and pH readings were recorded.

In 2002, we returned to approximately the same locations sampled in 1993. The majority of sites in 2002 were located at least 100 m upstream of road crossings. Occasionally this was not possible due to lack of water or property boundaries (as noted in 'Remarks', Appendix A). Three-pass depletion electrofishing was performed on a 100 m reach of stream using a pulsed DC backpack electrofishing unit

equipped with a net and two dipnetters. Block nets were placed at the upstream and downstream ends of the surveyed reach. Fish from each pass were processed separately. The total length of the largest and smallest individual captured in each pass was recorded. The total number of each species captured was recorded and all individuals of a given species were pooled to obtain a batch weight for each pass. Water temperature and pH were measured at the upstream end of the reach before the electrofishing passes were performed. Water temperature was measured with a hand held thermometer and pH was measured with a pH Testr 2* model portable pH meter.

Habitat surveys began at the downstream end of the 100 m fish survey reach and ended at the upstream end. Habitat in each stream was classified and inventoried by a two-person crew. One crew member identified each habitat unit by type (Armantrout 1998), estimated average wetted width, average and maximum depth, riffle crest depth (RCD), and substrate composition for each habitat unit, and determined if pool substrates were embedded. Habitat was stratified into similar groups based on naturally occurring habitat units including pools and riffles (Table C1). Glides were identified during the survey but were grouped with pools for data analysis. Runs and cascades were also identified but were grouped with riffles for data analysis. The length (0.1 m) of each habitat unit was measured with a hip chain. Average wetted width was visually estimated. Average and maximum depth of each habitat unit were estimated by taking depth measurements at various places across the channel profile with a graduated staff marked in 5 cm increments. The RCD was estimated by measuring water depth at the deepest point in the hydraulic control between riffles and pools. The RCD was subtracted from average pool depth to obtain an estimate of residual pool depth. Substrates were assigned to one of nine size classes (Table C2). Dominant substrate (covered greatest amount of surface area in habitat unit) and subdominant substrate (covered 2nd greatest amount of surface area in habitat unit) were visually estimated. Substrate was considered to be embedded if sand, silt, or clay filled the interstitial spaces between larger size substrates over greater than 35% of the surface area of the stream bed in a given habitat unit.

The second crew member classified and inventoried large woody debris (LWD) within the stream channel and recorded data on a Husky fex21¹ data logger. LWD was assigned to one of four size classes (Table C3). Woody debris less than 1 m long and less than 10 cm in diameter were not counted.

In a subset of habitat units measurements were made to verify visual estimates. The wetted width of selected habitat units was measured with a meter tape perpendicular to flow. If the entire reach consisted of one habitat unit (typically a long pool), measurements were made at 25 m and 75 m from the start of the reach. In riffles we also estimated the bankfull stream channel width and riparian widths, and measured channel gradient. We estimated bankfull channel width by measuring the width of the bankfull channel perpendicular to flow (Rosgen 1996). We estimated riparian width by measuring from the edge

of the bankfull channel to the intersection with the nearest landform at an elevation of two-times the maximum bankfull depth. We added the bankfull width to the riparian widths to estimate flood-prone area (Rosgen 1996). Gradient was estimated by using a clinometer to site from the downstream to the upstream end of selected riffles.

Results

Habitat surveys were performed at 9 of 29 sites and water temperature and pH were recorded at 8 sites (Table 1). No habitat or water chemistry data were collected at sites where the channel was dry (17 sites) or swamp (1 site). Wetted channel widths ranged from 1.0 m to 3.3 m. Dominant and subdominant substrates were organic material, clay, and silt. The majority of LWD were <50 cm in diameter and <5 m in length and no LWD > 50 cm in diameter were recorded. Water temperature was between 23 C and 28 C and pH ranged from 5.8 - 8.0.

A total of 19 species of fish were captured at the 29 sample sites in 2002, whereas 31 species were captured at the same sites in 1993 (Table 2). Three new species were captured in 2002, however 15 species that were captured in 1993 were not captured in 2002. Six of the 15 species that were lost in 2002 were captured at four or more sites in 1993. The spotted sunfish, redbreast sunfish, largemouth bass, common shiner, ironcolor shiner, and dusky shiner were found at four or more sites in 1993, but were absent in 2002. All other species lost in 2002 were found at less than four sites in 1993. Several species were found only at sites in 1993 that were dry in 2002, including bowfin, brown bullhead, gizzard shad, and spotted sucker. Where possible, population estimates were calculated from the three-pass depletion data using formulas presented in Kwak (1991) (Appendix B).

Discussion and Recommendations

Overall, habitat conditions were similar in 2002 when compared with 1993. One notable difference in habitat conditions was in the amount of LWD encountered in the streams. The 1993 surveys were performed following Hurricane Hugo and sampling was reported as "very difficult" with "many sites impossible to sample due to the large amount of debris down in some streams" (Hansbarger and Dean 1994). In 2002, the streams were no longer choked with debris and sampling was not impeded by LWD. Few pieces of large sized debris were encountered. The greatest impediment to sampling was lack of water at 17 of the 29 sites.

The habitat survey technique that was used in 2002 was based on the basinwide visual estimation technique (BVET) (Dolloff et al. 1993), which has been successfully used to survey long reaches of mountain and piedmont streams in South Carolina (Black et al. 2003a and b). Lack of variation both within habitat units and among habitat types limited the usefulness of traditional BVET methods when applied to 100 m reaches of coastal plain stream. Modifications to the BVET or other methods may

provide a more complete description of these types of streams. Techniques have been developed for characterizing small reaches of coastal plain streams (MACSW 1997, Paller 1994, Warren et al. 2002), however if longer reaches or entire streams need to be surveyed, a systematic approach such as a modified BVET habitat survey is appropriate.

Many of the sites that were sampled for fish in 1993 could not be sampled in 2002 because the streams were dry, making it difficult to compare results between years. Dry conditions could account for the loss of several species, especially species that were captured at only a few sites in 1993. However, several Centrarchids and Cyprinids, particularly *Notropis* species that were found at multiple sites in 1993 were not captured in 2002. Because changes in species presence due to dewatering can confound interpretation of results at individual sites it may be more meaningful to examine species gain and loss at the watershed level. Such examination could be facilitated by the use of a GIS application. In addition to fish population information, the GIS could include stream habitat attributes to help explain differences in populations within and among watersheds.

The common shiner (*Luxilus cornutus*) was reported at several sites in 1993, however this species is not listed in the Fishes of South Carolina (Rhode et al. 2001) and would be well outside its reported range if found in South Carolina (Page and Burr 1991). The species was not reported as captured in 2002. Additional monitoring is needed to determine if this or other non-native species occupy FMNF streams.

We recommend that the SNF develop and document a standard electrofishing protocol for piedmont streams and continue its effort to inventory its fish populations. The protocol should include instructions to measure and weigh a random sample of each species captured to provide size and age structure information. Anderson and Neumann (1996) recommend measuring 100 stock-sized fish to provide sufficient data for histogram analysis, but there is no published standard sample size for measuring the entire range of sizes for a species (Vokoun et al. 2001). Measuring hundreds of fish minimizes the effects of variance in data analysis, however it also decreases the number of sites that can be sampled. As a compromise we recommend the following:

For each species captured:

	One year class present or	Multiple year classes present or
	little size variation	large size variation
Less than 30 individuals captured	Measure all individuals	Measure all individuals
30 or more individuals captured	Measure at least 30 individuals	Measure all or 100 individuals,
Î		whichever is the smaller number

This should be considered an interim recommendation, open to further analysis, review and adjustment to meet the data requirements of the SNF.

The SNF should also consider designating a standardized reach length proportional to stream size, for example: a sample reach 30 times the average stream width. Such methods ensure that sampling effort is proportional to stream size, that sample reaches include several different habitat unit types, and increases the probability that the majority of species present in the stream are captured (Angermeier and Smogor 1995, Warren et al 2002).

Repeated and consistent application of standard fish and habitat sampling protocols will allow the FMNF to develop a dataset that can be analyzed for differences between and among streams and drainages over time. Fish population data could be combined with habitat data in a GIS application to examine for relationships between habitat characteristics and fish community or population structure. Such a product would provide a powerful tool for evaluating and adapting FMNF management practices.

¹ Husky and fex21 are trademarks of Itronix (UK) Limited*

^{*}use of trade name does not imply endorsement

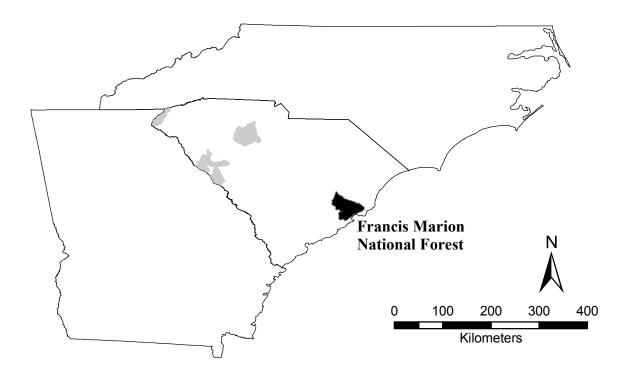
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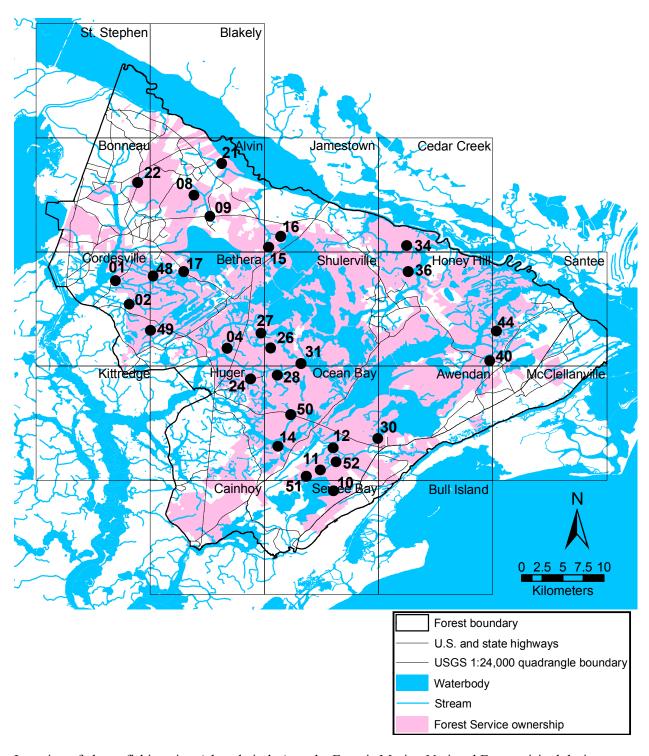
Acknowledgements

We would like to thank the U. S. Forest Service Southern Research Station Center for Aquatic Technology Transfer (CATT) summer field crew for collecting all of the 2002 data presented in this report. The field crew included Christine Black, Daniel Bell, Margie Brophy, and Seth Coffman. In addition, we thank Jeanne Riley and the Francis Marion National Forest for providing us with assistance and funding for the surveys.

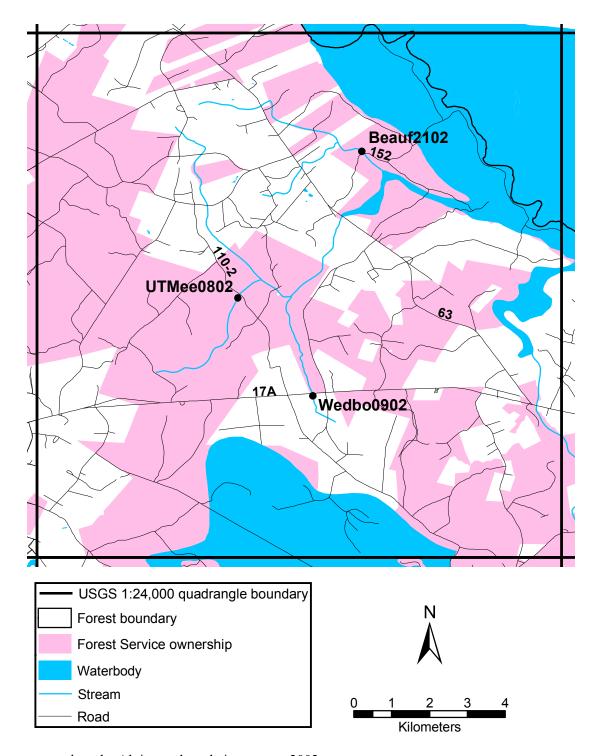
Survey Area Maps



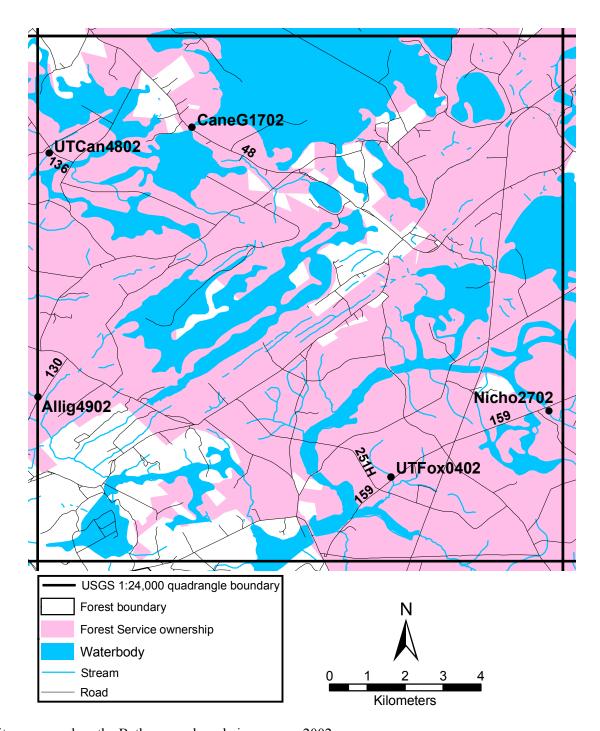
Location of the Francis Marion National Forest (black) in South Carolina.



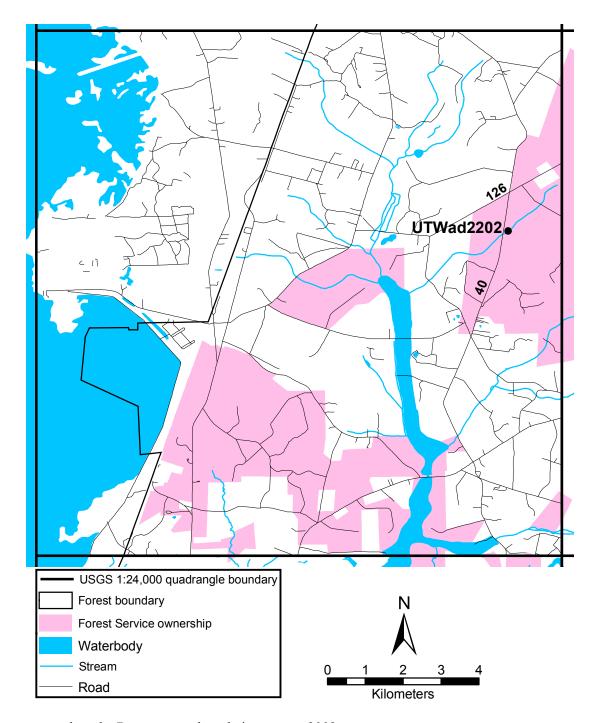
Location of electrofishing sites (closed circles) on the Francis Marion National Forest visited during summer 2002. Site numbers correspond to sites visited in Hansbarger and Dean (1994). USGS 1:24,000 quadrangle names are shown in the upper right hand corner of each quadrangle boundary box. Individual quadrangle maps containing 2002 survey sites are presented in the following pages.



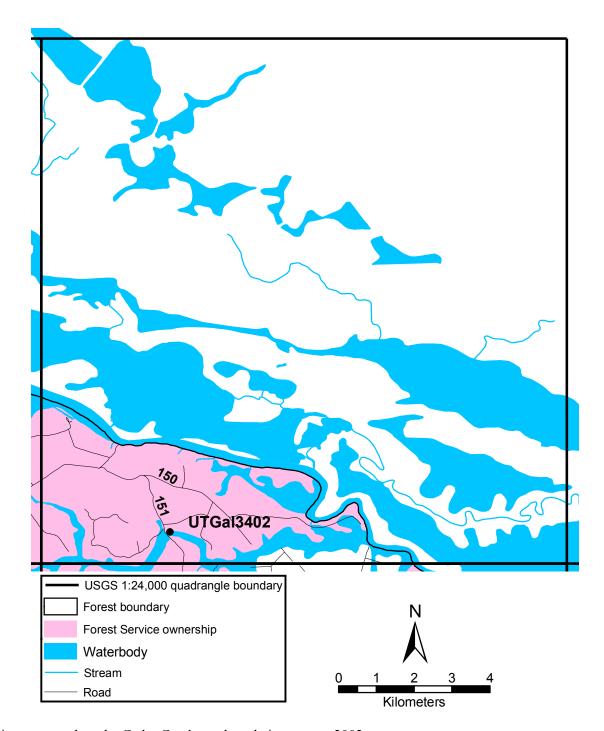
Sites surveyed on the Alvin quadrangle in summer 2002.



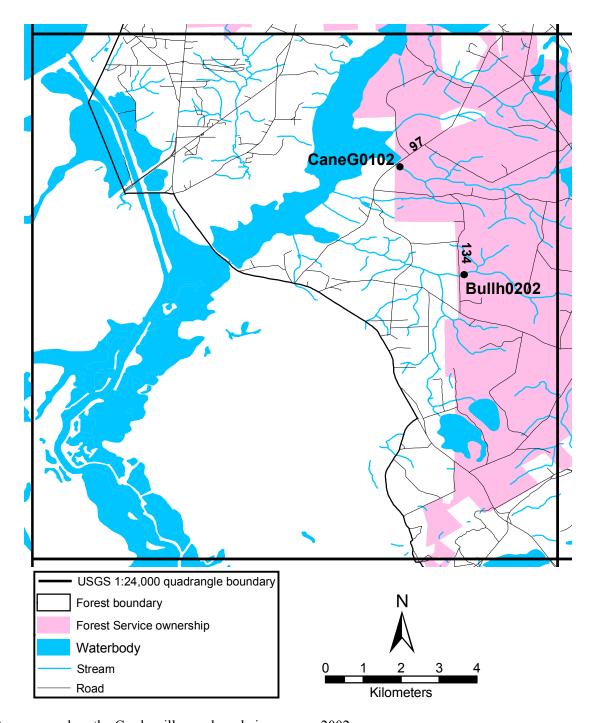
Sites surveyed on the Bethera quadrangle in summer 2002.



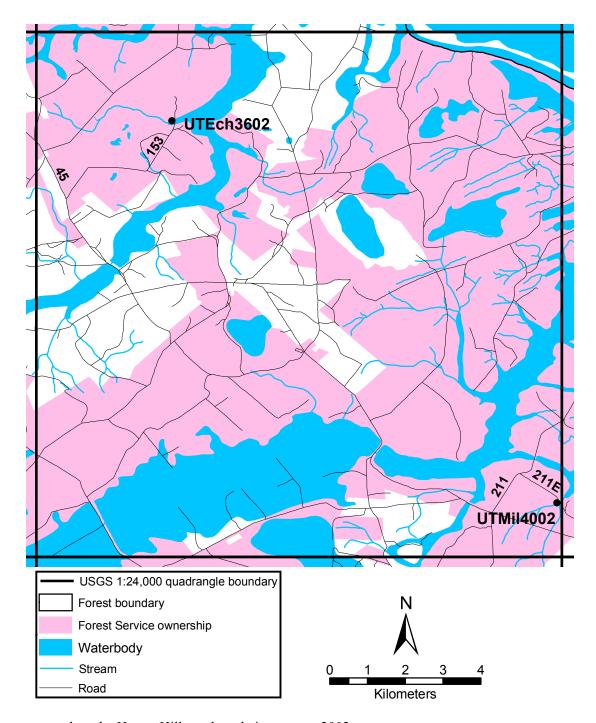
Sites surveyed on the Bonneau quadrangle in summer 2002.



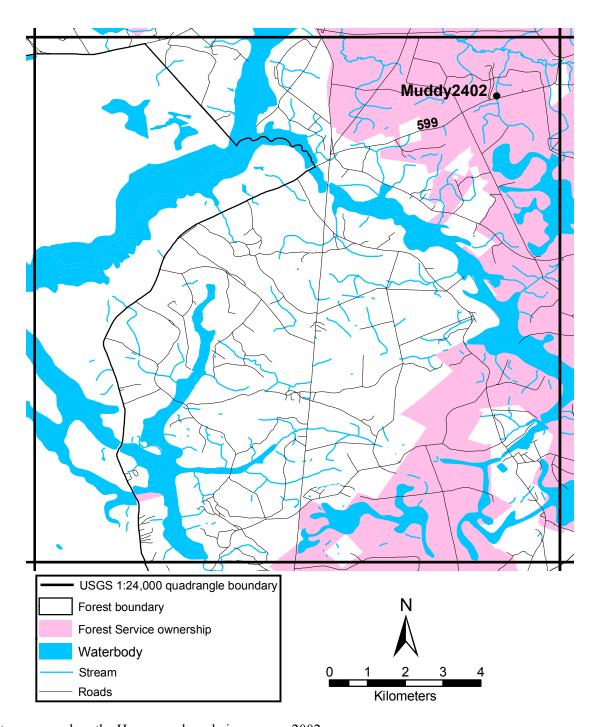
Sites surveyed on the Cedar Creek quadrangle in summer 2002.



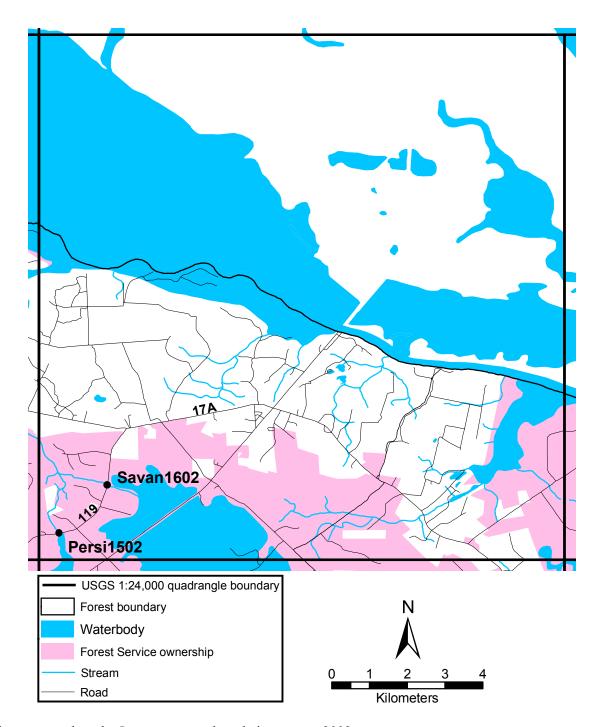
Sites surveyed on the Cordesville quadrangle in summer 2002.



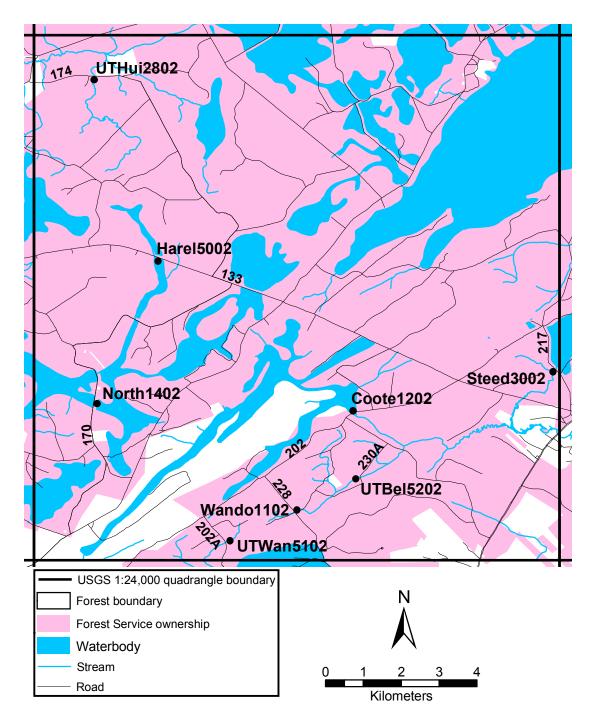
Sites surveyed on the Honey Hill quadrangle in summer 2002.



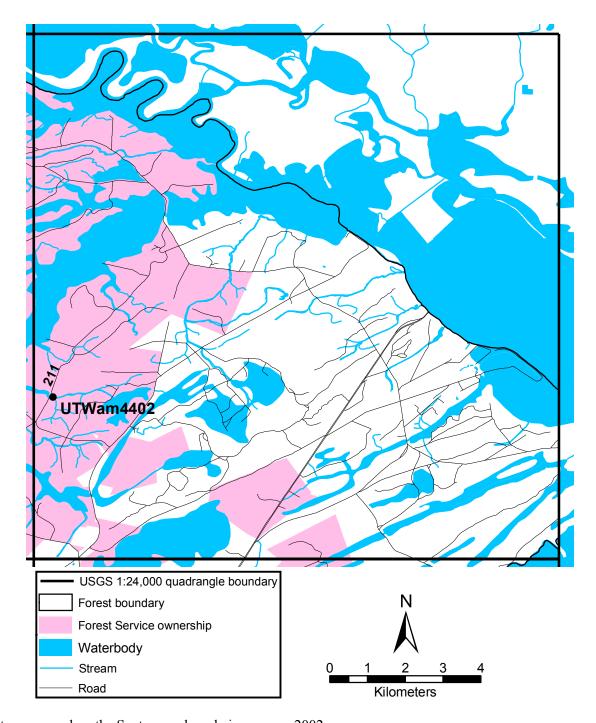
Sites surveyed on the Huger quadrangle in summer 2002.



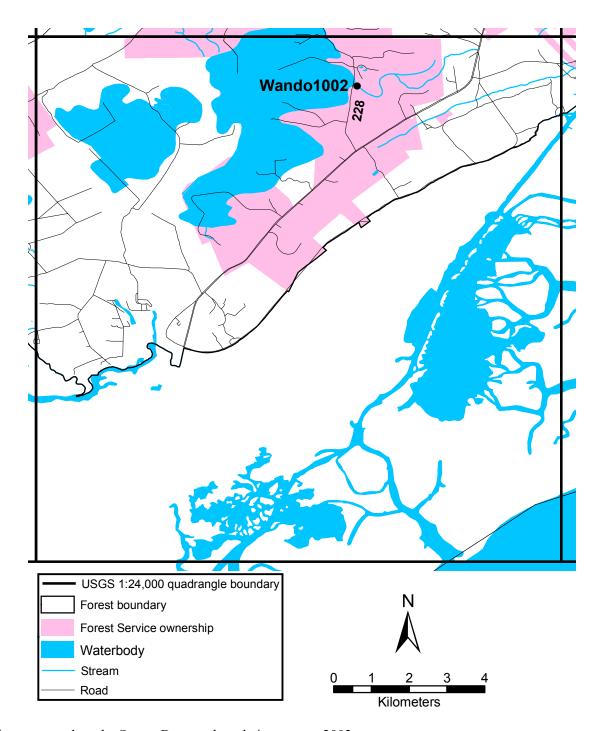
Sites surveyed on the Jamestown quadrangle in summer 2002.



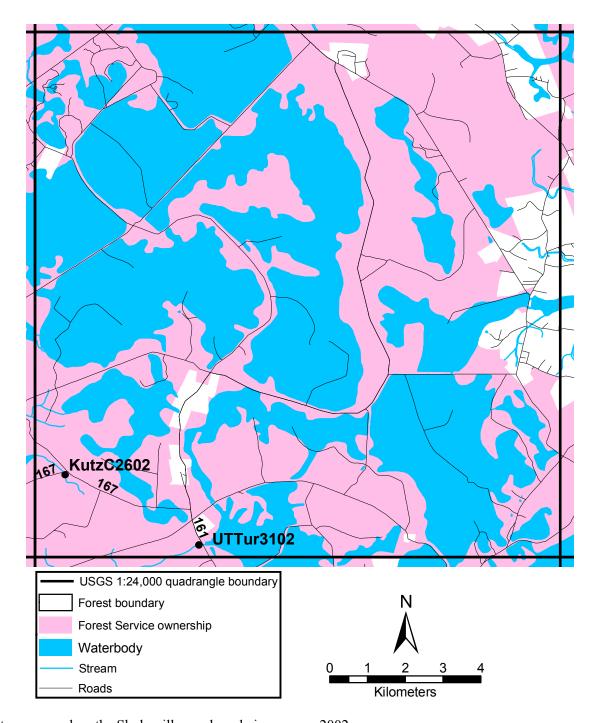
Sites surveyed on the Ocean Bay quadrangle in summer 2002.



Sites surveyed on the Santee quadrangle in summer 2002.



Sites surveyed on the Sewee Bay quadrangle in summer 2002.



Sites surveyed on the Shulerville quadrangle in summer 2002.

Table 1. List of sites visited in the Francis Marion National Forest during summer 2002. Site numbers correspond to sites in Harnsbarger and Dean (1994).

Stream	Site #	Quadrangle	Habitat Data Collected in 2002
Alligator Creek	49	Bethera	no
Beauford Branch Creek	21	Alvin	no
Un-named trib of Bell Creek	52	Ocean Bay	no
Bullhead Run	2	Cordesville	no
Cane Gully Branch	1	Cordesville	no
Cane Gully Branch	17	Bethera	no
Un-named trib of Cane Gully Branch	48	Bethera	no
Cooter Creek	12	Ocean Bay	yes
Un-named trib of Echaw Creek	36	Honey Hill	yes
Un-named trib of Fox Gully Branch	4	Bethera	no
Un-named Trib of Gal Branch	34	Cedar Creek	yes
Harleston Dam Creek	50	Ocean Bay	yes
Un-named trib of Huitt Branch	28	Ocean Bay	no
Kutz Creek	26	Shulerville	no
Un-named trib of Meeting House Branch	8	Alvin	no
Un-named trib of Mill Branch	40	Honey Hill	yes
Muddy Creek	24	Huger	no
Nicholson Creek	27	Bethera	no
Northhampton Creek	14	Ocean Bay	yes
Persimmons Branch	15	Alvin	no
Savanna Creek	16	Alvin	no
Steed Creek	30	Ocean Bay	yes
Un-named trib of Turkey Creek	31	Shulerville	no
Un-named trib of Wadboo Swamp	22	Bonneau	no
Un-named trib of Wambaw Creek	44	Santee	yes
Wando River	10	Sewee Bay	no
Wando RIver	11	Ocean Bay	no
Un-named trib of Wando Swamp	51	Ocean Bay	no
Wedboo Swamp	9	Alvin	yes

Table 2. Number of sites at which species were captured by backpack electrofishing (out of 29 sites sampled in both 1993 and 2002). 'Total' is the total number of sites at which species were captured. 'Gained' is the number of sites where the species was captured in 2002 but not 1993. 'Lost' is the number of sites where the species was captured in 1993 but not 2002 (includes sites that were not sampled because they were dry or swamp). 'Dry' and 'Swamp' are the number of sites from which the species was lost in 2002 because sites were dry or swamp (i.e. could not be sampled).

Species		1993	2002		2002 vs.	. 1993	
•		Total	Total	Gained	Lost	Dry	Swamp
<u>Amblyopsidae</u>							
Chologaster cornuta Amiidae	swampfish	0	_	_	0	l	ł
Amia calva	bowfin	1	0	0	1	1	0
<u>Anguillidae</u>							
Anguilla rostrata	American eel	2	5	4	1	1	0
<u>Aphredoderidae</u>	•	,	•	•	ţ	Ć	Ć
Aphredoderus sayanus Atherinidae	pırate perch	13	9	4	Π	∞	0
Labidesthes sicculus	brook silverside	1	0	0	1	0	0
<u>Catostomidae</u>							
Erimyzon oblongus	creek chubsucker	7		0	9	3	0
Minytrema melanops	spotted sucker	1	0	0			0
<u>Centrarchidae</u>							
Acantharchus pomotis	mud sunfish	12	2	1	11	7	0
Centrarchus macropterus	flier	11	2		10	4	1
Enneacanthus gloriosus	bluespotted sunfish	3	4	3	2	0	0
Enneacanthus obesus	banded sunfish	3	0	0	3	0	0
Lepomis auritus	redbreast sunfish	4	0	0	4	3	0
Lepomis gulosus	warmouth	7	5	5	7	3	1
Lepomis macrochirus	bluegill	6	1	0	∞	5	0
Lepomis punctatus	spotted sunfish	11	0	0	11	7	0
Micropterus salmoides	largemouth bass	5	0	0	5	3	0
<u>Clupeidae</u>							
Dorosoma cepedianum	gizzard shad	1	0	0	1	_	0
<u>Cyprinidae</u>							
Luxilus cornutus	common shiner	9	0	0	9	3	0
Notemigonus crysoleucas	golden shiner	5	33	7	4	1	1
Notropis chalybaeus	ironcolor shiner	∞	0	0	∞	3	1
Notropis cummingsae	dusky shiner	5	0	0	5	3	0
Notropis petersoni	coastal shiner	15	1	1	15	∞	0
Esocidae							
Esox americanus	redfin pickerel	21	5	0	16	11	0
Esox niger	chain pickerel	3	0	0	3	2	0

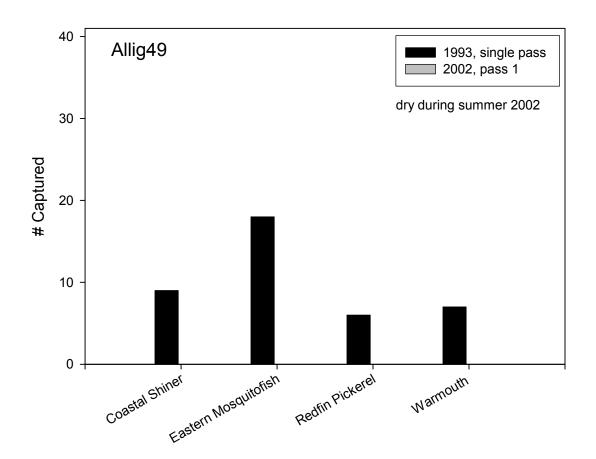
Table 2. continued							
Species		1993	2002		2002 vs. 1993	. 1993	
•		Total	Total	Gained	Lost	Dry	Swamp
Elassomatidae							
Elassoma zonatum	banded pygmy sunfish	2	3	3	2	2	0
Fundulidae							
Fundulus lineolatus	lined topminnow	2	0	0	2	1	0
<u>Ictaluridae</u>							
Ameiurus natalis	yellow bullhead	3	2	2	3	-	0
Ameiurus nebulosis	brown bullhead	3	0	0	ĸ	3	0
Noturus gyrinus	tadpole madtom	2	0	0	2	1	0
<u>Percidae</u>							
Etheostoma fusiforme	swamp darter	2	1	1	2	1	0
<u>Poeciliidae</u>							
Gambusia holbrooki	eastern mosquitofish	26	6	2	19	15	1
Heterandria formosa	least killifish	0	2	2	0	1	1
<u>Soleidae</u>							
Trinectes maculatus	hogchoker	0	1	1	0	1	1
<u>Umbridae</u>							
Umbra pygmaea	eastern mudminnow	~	3	æ	∞	4	0

Appendix A: Stream Summaries

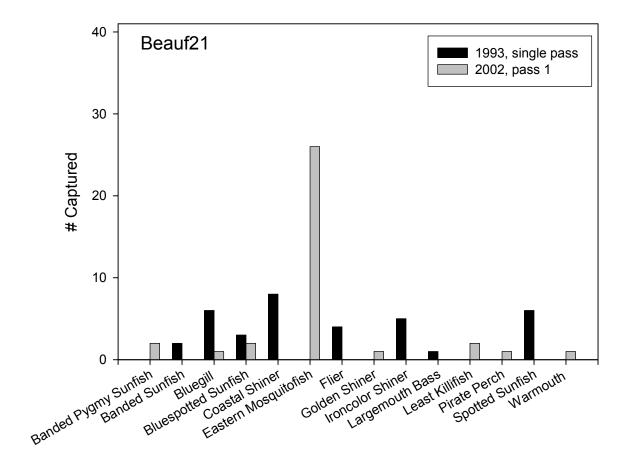
Index of Stream Summaries

Alligator Creek Site 49, Allig4902	28
Beauford Br Creek Site 21, Beauf2102	29
Un-named Tributary of Bell Creek Site 52, UTBel5202	
Bullhead Run Site 02, Bullh0202	31
Cane Gully Branch Site 01, CaneG0102	32
Cane Gully Branch Site 17, CaneG1702	33
Un-named Tributary of Cane Gully Branch Site 48, UTCan4802	34
Cooter Creek Site 12, Coote1202	
Un-named Tributary of Echaw Creek Site 36, UTEch3602	36
Un-named Tributary of Fox Gully Branch Site 04, UTFox0402	37
Un-named Tributary of Gal Branch Site 34, UTGal3402	38
Harleston Dam Creek Site 50, Harle5002	39
Un-named Tributary of Huitt Branch Site 28, UTHui2802	40
Kutz Creek Site 26, KutzC2602	41
Un-named Tributary of Meeting House Branch Site 08, UTMee0802	42
Un-named Tributary of Mill Branch Site 40, UTMil4002	43
Muddy Creek Site 24, Muddy2402	44
Nicholson Creek Site 27, Nicho2702	45
Northampton Creek Site 14, North1402	46
Persimmons Branch Site 15, Persi1502	47
Savanna Creek Site 16, Savan1602	48
Steed Creek Site 30, Steed3002	49
Un-named Tributary of Turkey Creek Site 31, UTTur3102	50
Un-named Tributary of Wadboo Swamp Site 22, UTWad2202	51
Un-named Tributary of Wambaw Creek Site 44, UTWam4402	52
Wando River Site 10, Wando1002	53
Wando River Site 11, Wando1102	54
Un-named Tributary of Wando Swamp Site 51, UTWan5102	
Wedboo Swamp Site 09, Wedbo0902	56

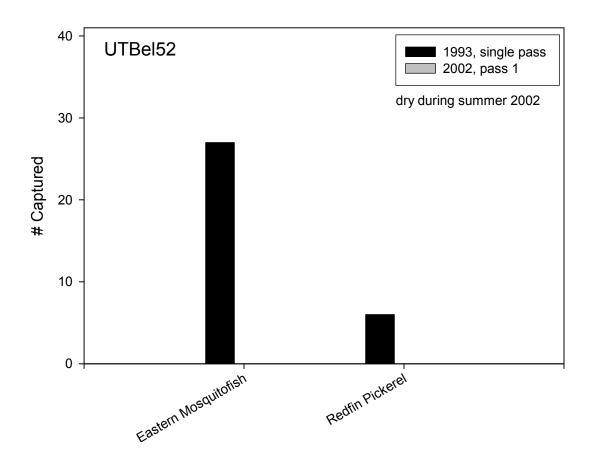
Stream Site, ID:	Alligator Creek Site 49, Allig49
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Bethera
Survey Date:	7/13/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 130 where stream crosses at culverts.
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Christine Black, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	Allig01: N: 3670019.39 m E: 604995.61 m 64.8 ft
Remarks:	Stream is dry; unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



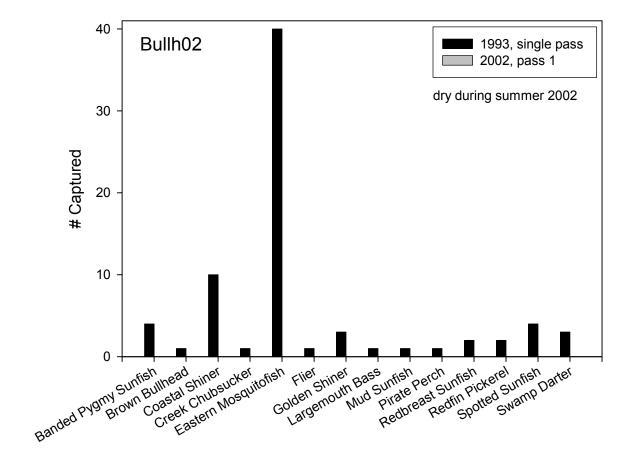
Stream Site, ID:	Beauford Br Creek Site 21, Beauf21
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Alvin
Survey Date:	7/11/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 152 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	6.0
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Dan Bell, Margie Brophy, Jeanne Riley
GPS:	Beauf02; N3690337.51m; E612025.21m; 25.85 ft
Remarks:	Stream dry; electroshocked 3 pools at road culverts; no habitat data recorded.



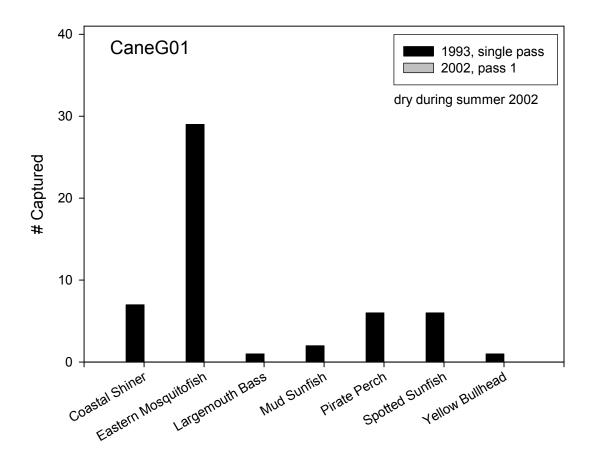
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Bell Creek Site 52, UTBel52
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	7/14/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 230-A at culvert crossing second culvert from FS road 230
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell Christine Black Margie Brophy Seth Coffman
GPS:	UTBel01: N: 3653867.36 m E: 623593.06 m 32.54 ft
Remarks:	Stream dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



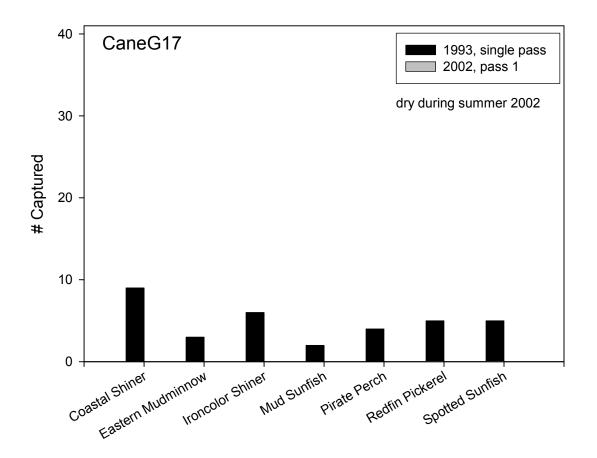
Stream Site, ID:	Bullhead Run Site 02, Bullh02
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Cordesville
Survey Date:	7/10/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 134 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry; unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



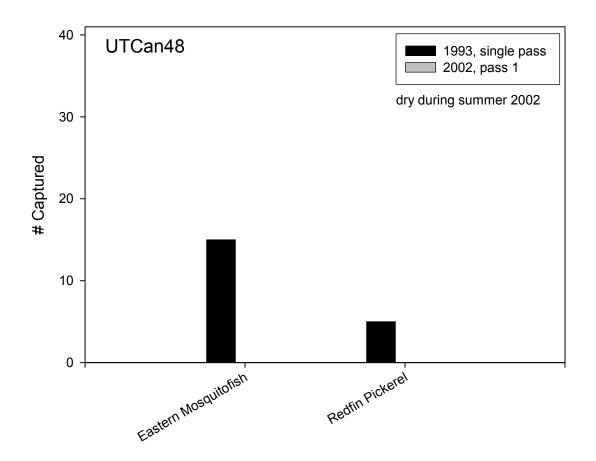
Stream Site, ID:	Cane Gully Branch Site 01, CaneG01
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Cordesville
Survey Date:	7/12/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	State road 97 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell Margie Brophy Christine Black Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry except for pools around culverts at bridge of State road 97, which
	were not shocked; Mussels shells found in dry stream bed; some live mussels
	also found in dry channel; no habitat data recorded.



Stream Site, ID:	Cane Gully Branch Site 17, CaneG17
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Bethera
Survey Date:	7/13/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	State road 48
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman, Christine Black
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream was dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



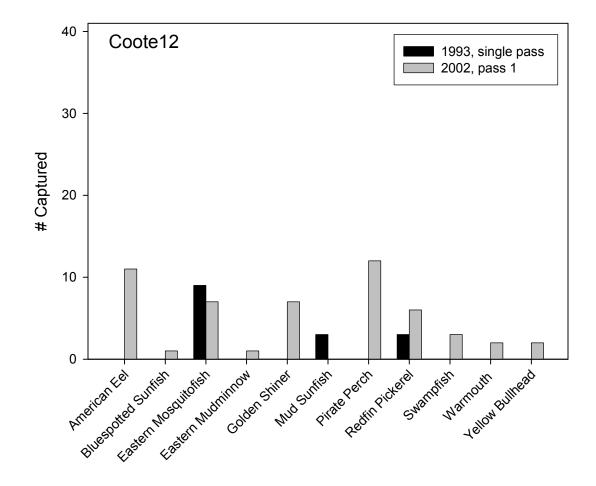
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Cane Gully Branch Site 48, UTCan48
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Bethera
Survey Date:	7/10/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 136
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell Margie Brophy Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



Stream Site, ID:	Cooter Creek Site 12, Coote12
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	6/28/02
Downstream Starting Point:	Starts 10 m upstream (left channel) from FS 202 {Willow Hall Road}
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	100
Crew:	Jeanne Riley, Seth Coffman, Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell, Tammy Thatcher,
	Christine Black
GPS:	Not recorded
Remarks:	No comments

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width		Depth			rate	Embed	LWD			
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	51.5	2.5	40	15	-	3	1	n	8	0	0	0
P	2	96.3	3.0	70	30	-	3	1	n	6	0	0	0
P	3	111.2	2.5	30	20	-	3	1	n	7	0	0	0

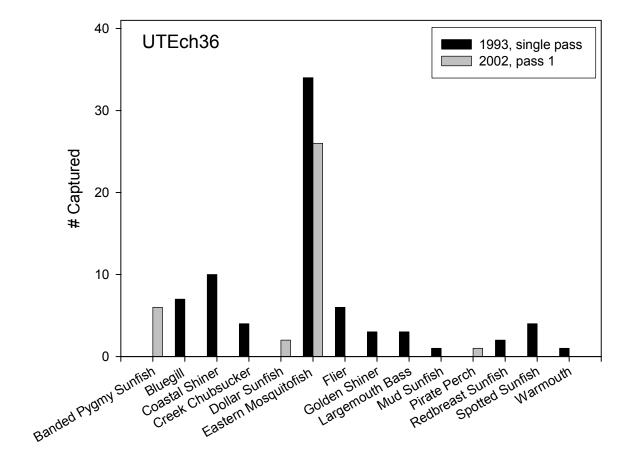
Unit	Unit	Wid	lth (m)	Ripa	<u>Riparian</u>		Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)		
P	1	2.2	3	7.3	15.7	-	26	6.9	exposed roots
P	2	4	5	45	19.2	-	-	-	exposed roots
P	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



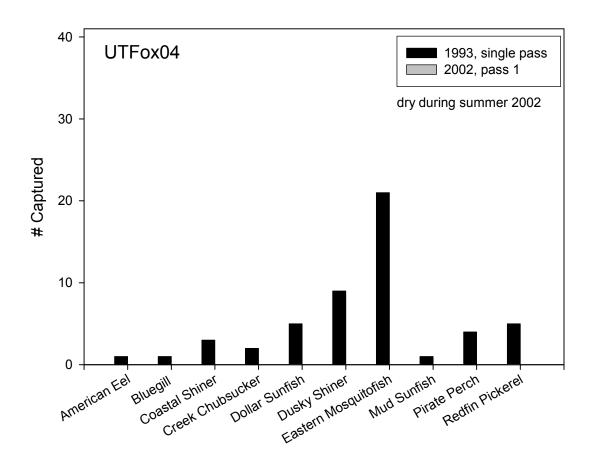
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Echaw Creek Site 36, UTEch36
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Honey Hill
Survey Date:	7/12/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 153 crossing behind gate
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	31
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Jeanne Riley, Margie Brophy, Dan Bell
GPS:	UTEch01: N: 3677557.83 meters E: 631246.48 meters 37.99 ft
Remarks:	Stream dry except small wetted sections, probably rainwater, only
	electroshocked pool around culvert at road crossing FS 153.

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width	Depth			Subst	rate	Embed		LWD			
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4	
P	1	30.7	1.5	40	15	-	1	3	n	4	0	0	0	

Unit	Unit	Wid	Width (m)		Riparian		Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)		
P	1	1.7	2.4	20.8	35	0	-	-	-



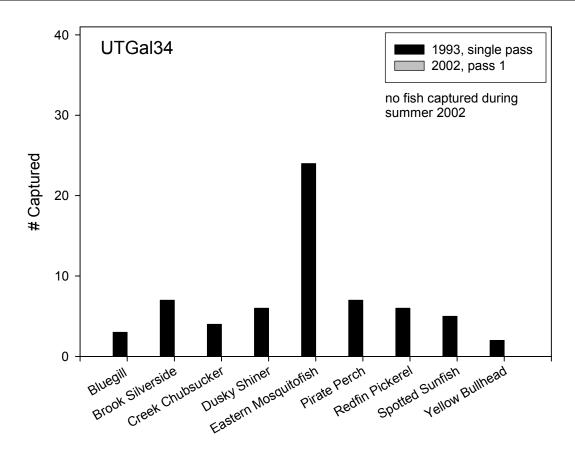
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Fox Gully Branch Site 04, UTFox04
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Bethera
Survey Date:	7/10/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 159
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Gal Branch Site 34, UTGal34
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Cedar Creek
Survey Date:	7/12/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	113 meters downstream from crossing with FS 151.
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	100
Crew:	Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell, Seth Coffman, Jeanne Riley, Christine Black
GPS:	galbr01: N: 3680896.19 meters E: 630812.54 meters 0.28 ft (GPS reading
	taken 8 m upstream from end of site)
Remarks:	No fish: no block nets used: Rain water from night before in channel:
	Vegetation growing in the streambed.

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width	Depth			Subst	rate	Embed		LWD			
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4	
G	1	9.4	4	15	10	-	3	1	n	2	0	1	0	
P	2	35.4	2	20	10	-	3	1	n	2	0	1	0	
P	3	105.2	2	40	25	-	3	1	n	6	0	4	0	

Unit	Unit	Wid	th (m)	<u>Riparian</u>		Gradient	Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)		
G	1	-	-	-	-	-	23	7.9	Under cut banks, exposed roots
P	2	2.7	2.8	30+	30+	-	-	-	exposed roots, riparian extends over swamp area
P	3	1.7	2	30+	30+	0	-	-	undercut banks with exposed roots



Stream Site, ID:	Harleston Dam Creek Site 50, Harle50	
District:	Francis Marion NF	
HCCC O 11	O D	

USGS Quadrangle: Ocean Bay Survey Date: 6/30/2002

Downstream Starting Point: Starts 88 meters downstream from state road 133.

Total Distance Surveyed (m): 85

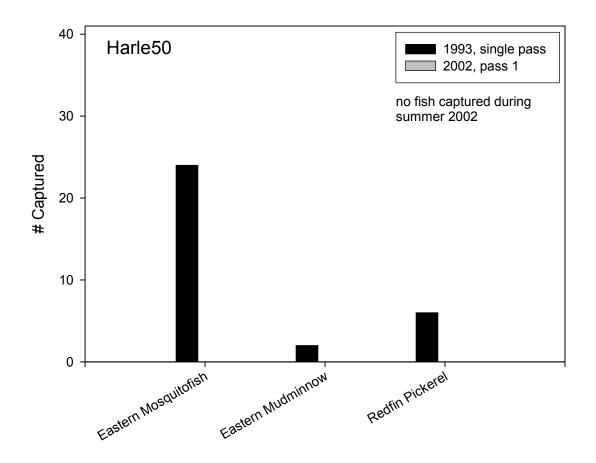
Crew: Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell, Seth Coffman, Christine Black

GPS: None

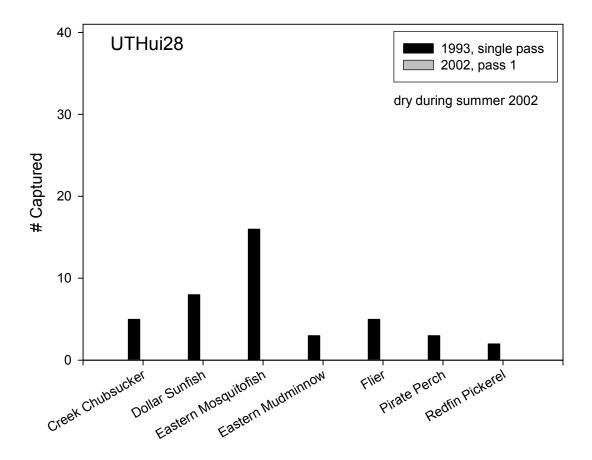
Remarks: Vegetation growing on bottom of streambed.

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width	Depth			Subst	Embed	ed <u>LWI</u>			<u>D</u>	
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	85	2.5	60	40	-	1	3	n	4	0	0	0

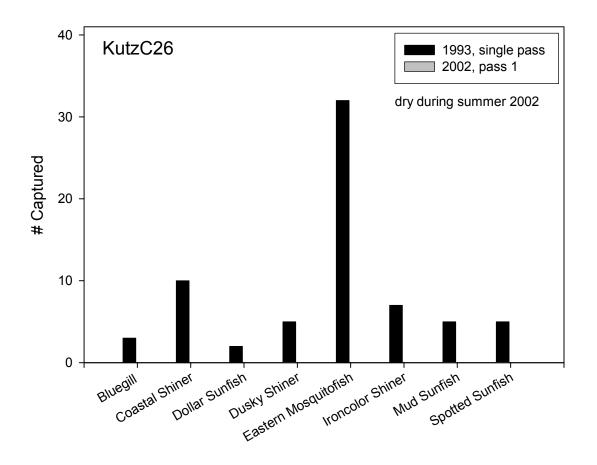
Unit	Unit	Wid	Width (m) Riparian		Riparian		<u>Riparian</u>		Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)				
P	1	2	2.3	12	18	-	25	8	Vegetation on bottom		
-	-	3.3	3.7	16	14	-	-	-	All one pool, took measurements at 25 & 75 meters.		



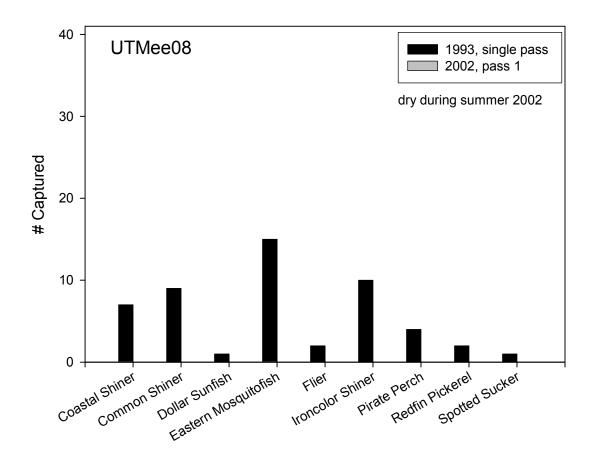
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Huitt Branch Site 28, UTHui28
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	7/14/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Near FS/private property boundary on FS road 174 at culvert
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Christine Black, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	hiutt01 N:3664792.49m E:617954.43m 31.40ft
Remarks:	Stream dry except for 2 muddy rain puddles at culvert, which were not
	electroshocked and no habitat data was recorded.



Stream Site, ID:	Kutz Creek Site 26, KutzC26
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Shulerville
Survey Date:	7/10/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 167
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell Margie Brophy Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



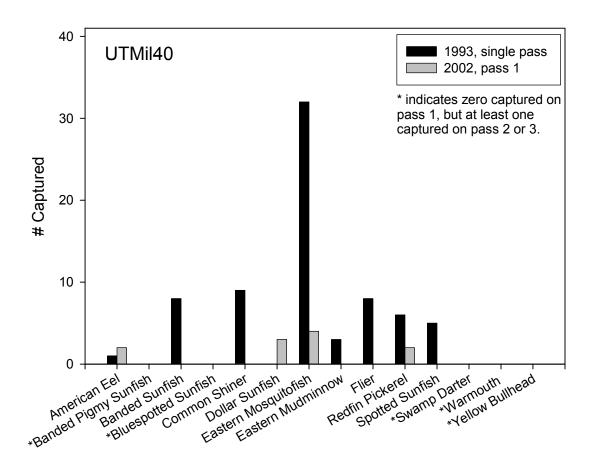
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Meeting House Branch Site 08, UTMee08
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Alvin
Survey Date:	7/13/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	at culvert of FS road 110-2
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Christine Black, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	utmeet01;N:3686559.32 m E:609265.23 m 50.05ft
Remarks:	Stream dry except for muddy pool (possible runoff or rain) on both sides of culvert, which were not shocked: visibility none; no habitat data was recorded.



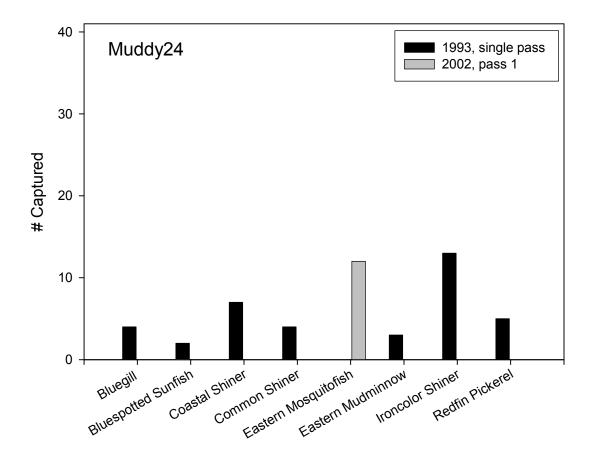
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Mill Branch Site 40, UTMil40
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Honey Hill
Survey Date:	6/28/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Start 104 meters below fork in stream, upstream from end of logging road.
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	99
Crew:	Christine Black, Seth Coffman, Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell, Jeanne Riley,
	Tammy Thatcher
GPS:	None
Remarks:	Vegetation growing on stream bed; Block Nets used; In Pass 1, Unidentified
	Darter {half eaten} possible Sawcheek or Swamp Darter {was discovered when
	Pickerel threw it up}

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width		Depth		Substrate		Embed		LWD		
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	99	2.5	45	20	-	2	1	n	11	0	1	0

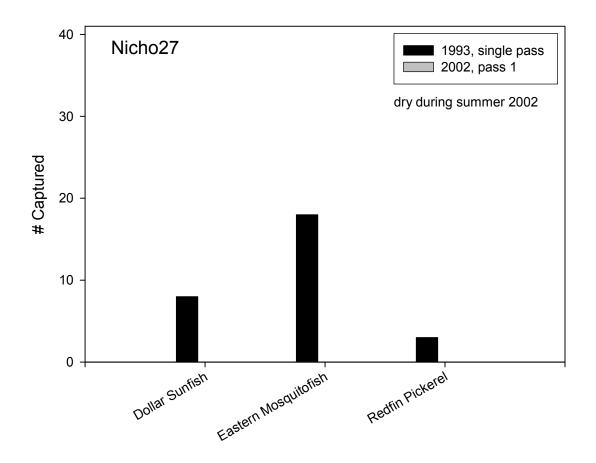
Unit	Unit	Wid	Width (m) R		Riparian		Riparian		<u>Riparian</u>		Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)						
P	1	2.5	2.8	33	25	-	28	7.1	root wad, exposed roots				
-	-	2.6	3.1	35	45	-	-	-	All one pool, took measurements at 25 & 75 meters.				



Stream Site, ID:	Muddy Creek Site 24, Muddy24
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Huger
Survey Date:	7/13/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	20 meters downstream from state road 599 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	20
Crew:	Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman, Daniel Bell, Christine Black
GPS:	Muddy01: N: 3664222.75 m E: 615248.02 m 21.29 ft
Remarks:	Clay bottom; four pools; visibility reduced; no habitat data recorded.



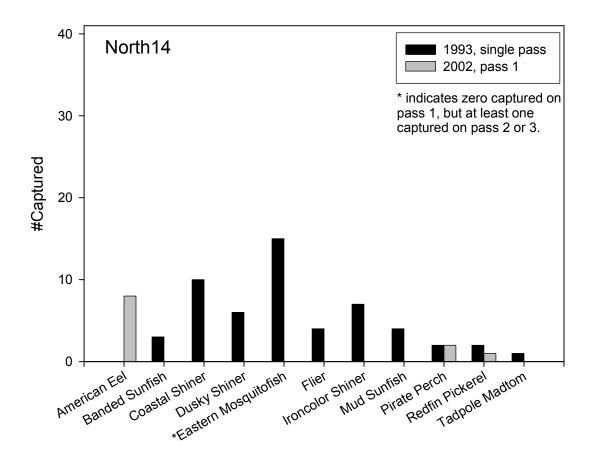
Stream Site, ID:	Nicholson Creek Site 27, Nicho27
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Bethera
Survey Date:	7/13/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 159 bridge between horse trail crossing road and FS road 168 junction
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Christine Black, Daniel Bell, Margie Brophy
GPS:	nicke01:N:3669913.62 m E:616176.70 m 43.61 ft
Remarks:	Stream dry except for pool around FS 159 bridge.
	Unable to electroshock pool or collect habitat data due to a cottonmouth.



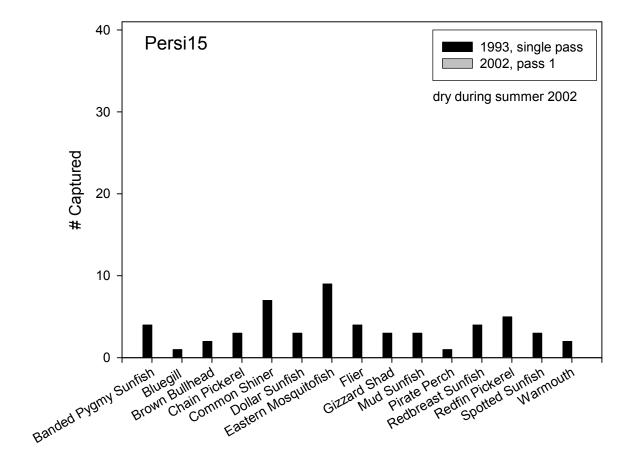
Stream Site, ID:	Northampton Creek Site 14, North14
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	6/30/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Approximately 20 meters upstream from FS 170 bridge crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	94
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell, Christine Black
GPS:	None
Remarks:	Caught a fresh water shrimp

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width		Depth		Substrate		Embed		LWD		
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	47	1.2	30	15	-	3	2	n	3	0	0	0
P	2	94.3	1	15	5	-	2	3	n	0	0	0	0

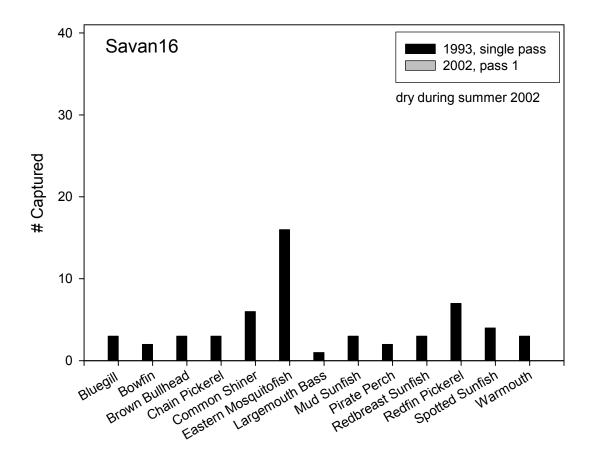
Unit	Unit	Wid	Width (m)		<u>Riparian</u>		Riparian		Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)				
P	1	1	1.6	10.5	1.1	-	24	7.6	Water level low		
P	2	1.2	1.7	1.2	1	-	-	-	-		



Stream Site, ID:	Persimmons Branch Site 15, Persi15
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Alvin
Survey Date:	7/11/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS 119 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Daniel Bell, Margie Brophy, Jeanne Riley
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Streambed dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



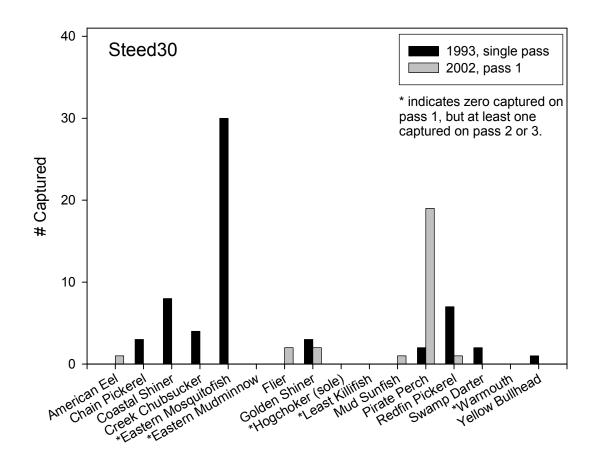
Stream Site, ID:	Savanna Creek Site 16, Savan16
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Alvin
Survey Date:	7/11/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS 119 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Daniel Bell, Margie Brophy, Jeanne Riley
GPS:	nor recorded
Remarks:	Streambed dry; Unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



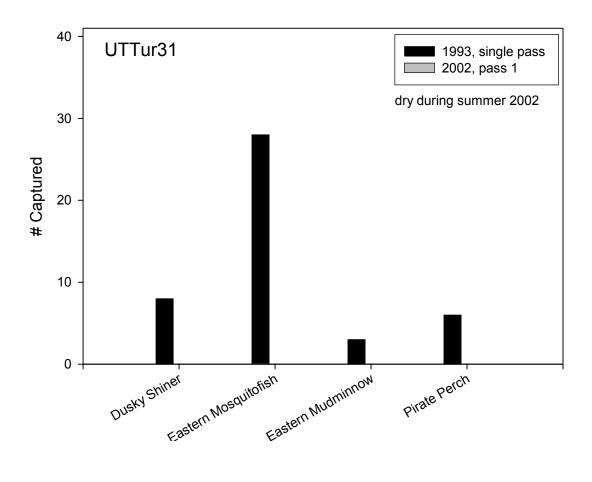
Stream Site, ID:	Steed Creek Site 30, Steed30
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	6/29/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Approximately 30 meters upstream from FS 217 bridge on left stream split
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	99
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell, Christine Black
GPS:	none
Remarks:	Water is extra black; visibility no more than 10 inches; Crabs were caught.

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width	-	Depth		Subst	rate	Embed		LV	VD	
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	60.1	5	70	30	-	3	1	n	18	0	7	0
P	2	99	5	55	30	-	2	1	n	8	0	11	0

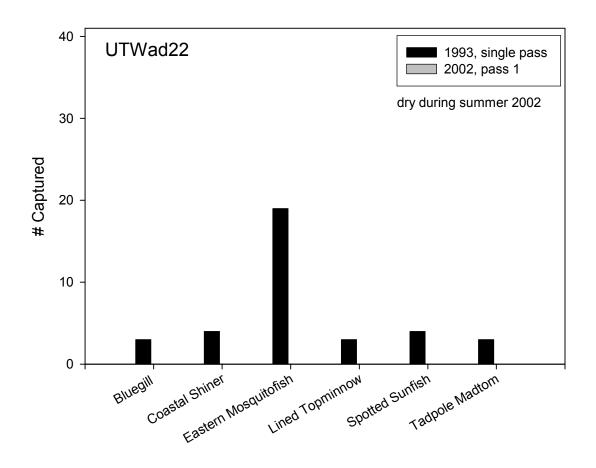
Unit	Unit	Widt	th (m)	<u>Riparian</u>		Gradient Temp		pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)		
P	1	3.2	4.7	5.5	7.5	-	26	7.8	root wads, exposed roots
P	2	3.3	3.9	0.5	0.4	-	-	-	root wad



Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Turkey Creek Site 31, UTTur31
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Shulerville
Survey Date:	7/13/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 161 bridge crossing between Fs 166 and FS 176-C
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Christine Black, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry except for small pool around bridge; cottonmouth seen in pool;
	unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



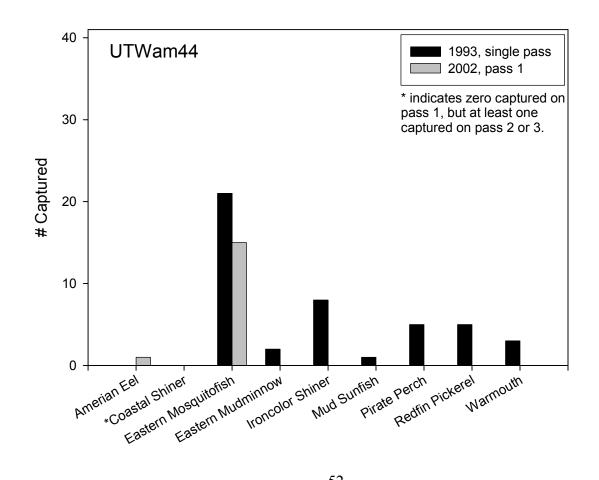
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Wadboo Swamp Site 22, UTWad22
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Bonneau
Survey Date:	7/10/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	State highway 40
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream dry; mussel shells collected from dry streambed upstream of bridge; no
	electroshocking completed; no habitat data recorded.



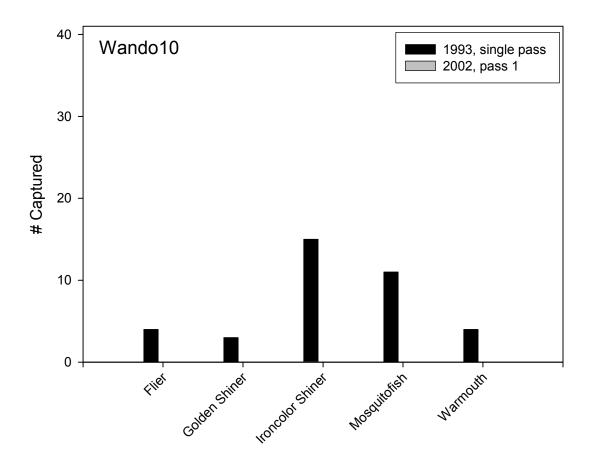
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Wambaw Creek Site 44, UTWam44
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	n/a
Survey Date:	6/27/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	100 meters upstream from FS 211 crossing
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	100
Crew:	Jeanne Riley, Tammy Thatcher, Christine Black, Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell,
	Seth Coffman
GPS:	not recorded
Remarks:	Stream was completely dry one week previous receiving 6"of rain since then
	according to Tammy Thatcher; Vegetation on streambed; American Eel (1st
	pass) found on the other side of the upstream block net.

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width		Depth		Subst	rate	Embed		LV	VD	
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	45.2	2	45	20	-	1	2	n	5	0	0	0
P	2	76.6	2	35	20	-	1	2	n		0	0	0
P	3	100	1.8	35	20	-	1	2	n	7	0	0	0

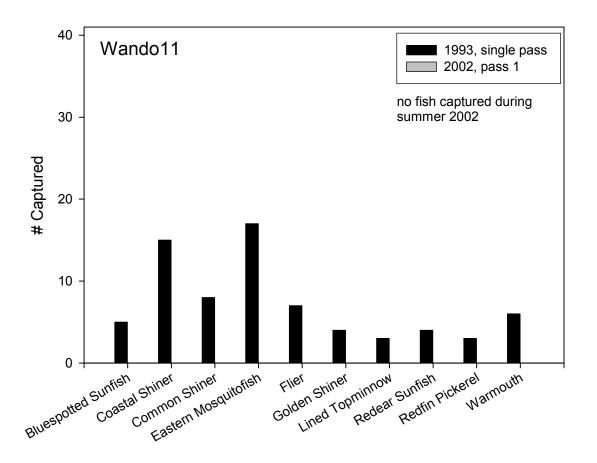
Unit	Unit	Wid	lth (m)	Ripa	rian	Gradient	Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)		
P	1	2	2.6	32.7	20	-	26	7.4	-
P	2	2.1	2.7	8	22.2	-	-	-	-
P	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



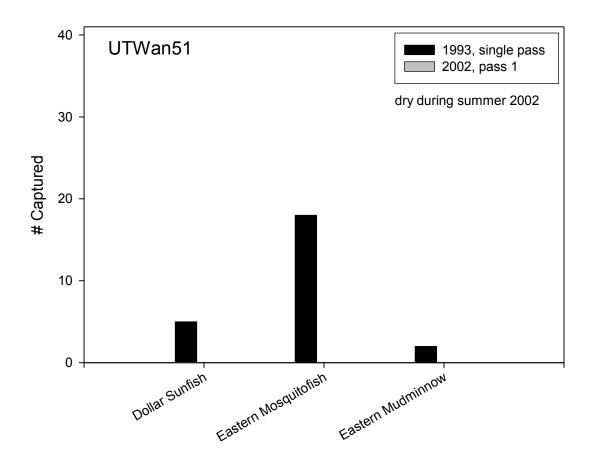
Stream Site, ID:	Wando River Site 10, Wando10
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Sewee Bay
Survey Date:	7/14/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	FS road 228 at bridge crossing near FS road 228-A
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Dan Bell, Christine Black, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	wando02 N:3650803.77m E:623841.51m 37.04ft
Remarks:	River is a wide swamp spilled over into floodplain no defined channel visible,
	unable to electroshock or collect habitat data



Stream Site, ID:	Wando River Site 11, Wando11
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	7/14/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Start 5 m below culvert located off a trail following the stream/ 60 m
	downstream of FS Road 228 at bridge near FS 5134
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	40
Crew:	Christine Black, Daniel Bell, Margie Brophy, Seth Coffman
GPS:	wando01 N:3652851.06m E:622813.35m 12.15ft
Remarks:	Shock site believed to be an extension of Withy Wood Canal shown on Ocean
	Bay Quad; The water had reduced visibility and the channel was wide at places;
	no habitat data recorded.



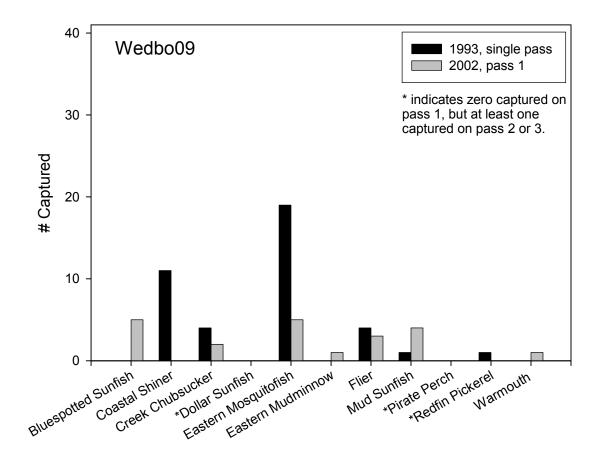
Stream Site, ID:	Un-named Tributary of Wando Swamp Site 51, UTWan51
District:	Wambaw
USGS Quadrangle:	Ocean Bay
Survey Date:	6/29/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Off of FS 202A
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	0
Crew:	Christine Black, Seth Coffman, Margie Brophy, Daniel Bell
GPS:	none
Remarks:	Stream dry; unable to electroshock or collect habitat data.



Stream Site, ID:	Wedboo Swamp Site 09, Wedbo09
District:	Witherbee
USGS Quadrangle:	Alvin
Survey Date:	7/11/2002
Downstream Starting Point:	Approximately 20 meters upstream in channel perpendicular to Hwy17A.
Total Distance Surveyed (m):	90
Crew:	Seth Coffman, Jeanne Riley, Margie Brophy, Dan Bell
GPS:	wedbo01 N3683965.38m; E610864.98m; 52.68 ft
Remarks:	Looks channelized; swampy; substrate clay and slick, apparent alligator slicks.

Unit	Unit	Dist	Width		Depth		Subst	rate	Embed		LV	VD	
Type	#	(m)	Est(m)	Max	Avg	RCD	Dom	Sub	>35%	1	2	3	4
P	1	93	3	90	50	-	2	1	n	4	0	0	0

Unit	Unit	Wid	lth (m)	Ripa	rian	Gradient	Temp	pН	Comments
Type	#	Wetted	Channel	Left	Right	(%)	(C)		
P	1	2.3	2.5	-	-	-	26	5.8	riparian is swamp



Appendix B: Electrofishing Results

Electrofishing results from the Francis Marion National Forest for 1993 (Hansbarger and Dean 1994) and 2002. The 1993 surveys covered 100-yard reaches using single-pass electrofishing. The 2002 surveys covered 100 m reaches using 3-pass depletion electrofishing. The 2002 population estimates were calculated using formulas found in Kwak (1991). Minimum and maximum lengths are for the smallest and largest individuals captured in each pass. Weight is the total (batch) weight of all individuals captured in each pass.

		Electrof	Electrofishing Results	esults		Mini	mum Le	ngth (mn		Max	imum Le	ngth (mr	n)		/eight (g)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2002	00	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single	Pass	Pass	SSE	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pas	Pass	
	Pass	_	7	က	Est.	Pass 1 2	_	7	က	Pass 1 2 3	_	7	က	~	7	က
Allig49																
Coastal Shiner	တ	ł	1	ł	dry	na	1	1	ł	na	1	1	1	ł	1	1
Eastern Mosquitofish	48	;	ł	;	dry	па	ł	1	ŀ	na	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ	!	;
Redfin Pickerel	9	;	ŀ	1	dry	75	ŀ	ŀ	;	190	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1	!
Warmouth	7	ł	ł	ł	dry	20	1	1	1	78	1	1	1	ł	1	1
Beauf21																
Banded Pygmy Sunfish	0	7	0	0	7	!	21	ł	ŀ	ł	22	ł	ŀ	_	1	1
Banded Sunfish	7	0	0	0	0	20	ŀ	!	ŀ	26	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
Bluegill	9	_	0	0	_	26	66	ŀ	1	180	66	ŀ	ŀ	13	1	1
Bluespotted Sunfish	က	7	0	0	7	45	21	ŀ	ł	20	99	ł	ł	7	ł	1
Coastal Shiner	œ	0	0	0	0	па	ı	1	ŀ	na	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ	!	;
Eastern Mosquitofish	0	56	0	0	56	ŀ	7	ł	ŀ	ŀ	26	ł	ł	13	ł	!
Flier	4	0	0	0	0	64	;	1	ł	89	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ł	;
Golden Shiner	0	-	0	0	-	ŀ	100	!	ŀ	1	100	1	1	<u></u>	ł	1
Ironcolor Shiner	2	0	0	0	0	na	1	1	ŀ	na	ł	1	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1
Largemouth Bass	_	0	0	0	0	155	ł	I	ł	155	I	1	ŀ	ł	1	ł
Least Killifish	0	7	0	0	7	ł	28	ł	ł	ł	30	1	ł	_	ł	ł
Pirate Perch	0	_	0	0	-	ŀ	99	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	99	1	ŀ	4	ł	1
Spotted Sunfish	9	0	0	0	0	20	1	ł	ł	06	1	1	1	ł	1	ł
Warmouth	0	_	0	0	_	1	133	1	I	1	133	ŀ	ŀ	44	1	1
UTBel52																
Eastern Mosquitofish	27	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	na	ł	1	ł	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1
Redfin Pickerel	9	1	1	1	dry	53	1	1	1	189	1	1	1	!	1	1
Bullh02																
Banded Pygmy Sunfish	4	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	28	ŀ	1	ł	33	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1
Brown Bullhead	_	1	ŀ	ŀ	dry	185	ŀ	ŀ	ł	185	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1
Coastal Shiner	9	ŀ	ŀ	;	dry	па	!	1	ŀ	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	!	:
Creek Chubsucker	_	!	ŀ	!	dry	130	!	1	ŀ	130	-	1	ŀ	ŀ	1	!

		Electrol	Electrofishing Results	saults		Min	imum Le	enath (mm)		Max	imum Le	anath (mr	(L	>	/eight (a)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993 2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	1993 2002 2002 20	2002	2002	2002	2002
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single	Pass	Pass		Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	
	Pass	_	7	က	Est.	Pass	_	7		Pass	_	7	က	_	7	
Bullh02 continued																
Eastern Mosquitofish	40	ł	1	ł	dry	na	ł	ŀ	ł	na	ł	1	ł	ł	ł	ł
Flier	_	;	ł	;	dry	06	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	06	ŀ	ł	;	ł	ł	ŀ
Golden Shiner	က	ŀ	ł	;	dry	150	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	166	ł	ł	;	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Largemouth Bass	_	ŀ	ł	;	dry	102	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	102	ŀ	ł	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Mud Sunfish	_	ŀ	ł	1	dry	147	;	ŀ	ł	147	;	ł	!	ł	ł	;
Pirate Perch	~	;	ŀ	1	dry	28	ı	ŀ	ŀ	28	ŀ	ŀ	!	ŀ	ŀ	;
Redbreast Sunfish	7	ŀ	ŀ	1	dry	153	ŀ	I	ŀ	178	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Redfin Pickerel	7	ŀ	ŀ	;	dry	180	1	ł	ł	25	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Spotted Sunfish	4	ŀ	ŀ	1	dry	22	ł	ŀ	ł	147	ŀ	ŀ	1	ł	ł	ŀ
Swamp Darter	လ	ŀ	ŀ	1	dry	40	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	45	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ł
CaneG01																
Coastal Shiner	7	ŀ	ŀ	1	dry	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	na	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Eastern Mosquitofish	29	;	ŀ	1	dry	na	;	ŀ	ŀ	na	;	ŀ	!	ŀ	ŀ	;
Largemouth Bass	-	;	ŀ	1	dr∖	102	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	102	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	;
Mud Sunfish	7	ŀ	ł	ł	dr∖	102	ł	ŀ	ł	102	ł	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ł
Pirate Perch	9	;	;	1	dry	64	;	ŀ	ŀ	114	;	;	1	ŀ	ŀ	;
Spotted Sunfish	9	;	ŀ	1	dry	64	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	101	ŀ	ŀ	!	ŀ	ŀ	;
Yellow Bullhead	~	1	1	1	dry	153	I	1	1	153	1	1	1	1	1	1
CaneG17																
Coastal Shiner	6	ŀ	;	1	dry	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	па	ŀ	;	1	ŀ	ŀ	;
Eastern Mudminnow	က	;	ŀ	1	dry	20	ŀ	ł	ŀ	22	;	ŀ	!	ł	ł	;
Ironcolor Shiner	9	;	ŀ	1	dry	na	ł	ŀ	ŀ	na	ŀ	ŀ	!	ŀ	ŀ	;
Mud Sunfish	7	ŀ	ł	;	dry	22	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	83	ŀ	ł	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Pirate Perch	4	;	ł	;	dry	na	ŀ	ł	ŀ	na	ŀ	ł	;	ł	ł	ŀ
Redfin Pickerel	2	ŀ	ł	;	dry	26	ł	ŀ	ł	150	ł	ł	;	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Spotted Sunfish	2	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	78	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	130	1	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
UTCan48																
Eastern Mosquitofish	15	ŀ	ŀ	;	dry	na	ł	ŀ	ł	na	ŀ	ŀ	1	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Redfin Pickerel	2	:	:	;	dry	64	:	:	1	100	:	:	;	1	;	:

		Electrof	Electrofishing Results	esults		Mini	mum Lei	nath (mn	(-	Max	imum Le	nath (mr	()	>	/eiaht (a)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single Pass	Pass	s Pass F	Pass	Single Pass	Pass	Pass F	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
	Pass	_	7	က	Est.	Pass	_	7	က	Pass	_	7	က	_	7	
Coote12																
American Eel	0	7	4	က	20	ŀ	115	140	136	1	277	185	179	94	23	17
Bluespotted Sunfish	0	_	0	_	7	ł	72	ŀ	22	ł	24	ł	22	က	ł	က
Eastern Mosquitofish	0	7	2	4	28		78	32	56	;	32	35	37	7	7	_
Eastern Mudminnow	0	_	7	7	2	ŀ	53	28	23	ŀ	23	65	22	7	2	က
Golden Shiner	0	7	က	9	16	ł	78	88	91	ł	66	120	102	35	27	40
Mud Sunfish	ı co	. C	· C	· C	: c	74	<u> </u>	; ;	; ;	78	; ;	! !	<u> </u>	; ;	;	: I
Dirate Derch) C	, 2	۸ (۰	23.6	: 1	3	25	זג	2	α	20	9	42	10	ע
Redfin Pickerel	o (*)	<u>.</u> (C	۰ ،	1 ←	2 6	101	- G	67 6	8 8	125	12	2 2	8 8	7.5	2 ~) (T
Swampfish	o c) (r	1 C	- ح	<u>?</u> ~	-) -	8 8)	3	1	. r	-	3	} ~	•)
Weinpusi	0	າ ເ	> c	>) -	ł	n (۱ (!	!	2 6	, t	!	- 5	۱ ۲	1
warmoun Yellow Bullhead	00	N W	v 0	⊃ -	4 ო		126	8 +	120		69 126	<u>0</u>	120	5 4	0	- 23
IITEch36																
	Ć	(Ó	(Ó		,				3			,		
Banded Pygmy Suntish)	ဇ	O	0	ဇ	1	<u>ე</u>	ŀ	!	1	31	!	ŀ	_	!	1
Bluegill	7	0	0	0	0	43	1	ł	1	83	ł	1	ł	1	1	!
Coastal Shiner	10	0	0	0	0	na	ı	ŀ	1	na	ł	!	ŀ	1	!	ŀ
Creek Chubsucker	4	0	0	0	0	22	1	;	ı	150	;	1	;	1	1	1
Dollar Sunfish	0	7	0	0	7	ŀ	92	ŀ	;	ł	28	!	ŀ	4	!	ŀ
Eastern Mosquitofish	34	26	0	0	56	na	16	ŀ	ŀ	na	48	ŀ	ŀ	10	ŀ	ŀ
Flier	9	0	0	0	0	33	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	91	ŀ	!	ŀ	1	!	ŀ
Golden Shiner	က	0	0	0	0	66	ı	ł	ŀ	110	ŀ	;	ł	;	;	ŀ
Largemouth Bass	က	0	0	0	0	49	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	180	ŀ	1	ŀ	1	1	ŀ
Mud Sunfish	_	0	0	0	0	125	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	125	ŀ	!	ŀ	1	!	ŀ
Pirate Perch	0	_	0	0	_	ŀ	61	ł	1	ł	61	ŀ	ł	က	ŀ	ł
Redbreast Sunfish	7	0	0	0	0	82	ŀ	ŀ	ı	84	ı	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	1
Spotted Sunfish	4	0	0	0	0	91	!	;	1	66	ŀ	!	;	!	!	1
Warmouth	_	0	0	0	0	92	1	ŀ	I	92	ŀ	1	ŀ	1	1	ŀ
IITEOXOA																
American Eel	-	ŀ	ł	ł	δ	335	ł	ł	ł	335	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ŀ
Bluedill	-	;	;	;	2	100	ı	;	1	100	;	1	;	1	1	1
Coastal Shiner	۰ (۱	;	;	1	5 2	3 6	1	;	1	2 2	ł	1	;	;	1	1
Ogastal Official	o (٠ <u>;</u>	ב כ ס ג				ב כ ס ג						
Creek Chubsucker	7 1	I	ŀ	ŀ	ary	ထို လ	ŀ	ŀ	1	χ 2 3	1	1	:	!	1	1
Dollar Sunfish	5	ŀ	1	1	dry	09	1	:	1	100	ŀ	!	:	!	!	!
Dusky Shiner	6	1	!	1	dry	na	1	1	!	na	1	1	ŀ	1	1	1

		Flectrof	Electrofishing Results	esults		Mini	mum Lei	nath (mr		Max	mum	nath (mr	(>	ejaht (a)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2002	002	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single Pass Pass P	Pass	Pass	ass	Single Pass Pass Pa	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
	Pass	1	2	3	Est.	Pass	1	2	3	Pass	-	2	3	1	2	
UTFox04 continued																
Eastern Mosquitofish	21	;	;	1	dry	na	1	ŀ	!	na	1	1	;	;	1	:
Mud Sunfish	_	ł	ŀ	1	dry	82	ı	ŀ	1	82	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ŀ	1	ł
Pirate Perch	4	ł	ł	1	dry	20	1	1	1	110	1	1	1	;	1	;
Redfin Pickerel	2	ŀ	1	1	dry	125	1	1	1	134	1	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
UTGal34																
Blueaill	က	0	0	0	0	26	ł	ŀ	!	78	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	;
Brook Silverside	7	0	0	0	0	43	I	ŀ	ŀ	20	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł
Creek Chubsucker	4	0	0	0	0	06	ŀ	ł	ŀ	220	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ł	;
Dusky Shiner	9	0	0	0	0	na	ŀ	ŀ	ł	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ
Eastern Mosquitofish	24	0	0	0	0	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Pirate Perch	7	0	0	0	0	30	ł	ŀ	1	91	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
Redfin Pickerel	9	0	0	0	0	09	ŀ	ŀ	!	300	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Spotted Sunfish	2	0	0	0	0	71	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	28	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Yellow Bullhead	7	0	0	0	0	120	ł	ł	1	130	ł	1	ł	ł	1	ł
Harle50 Eastern Mosquitofish	24	0	0	0	O	e C	1	!	!	na L	;	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
Eastern Mudminnow	_آ ا	0	0	0	0	75	ł	ł	1	87	ł	ł	ŀ	ł	ł	ł
Redfin Pickerel	9	0	0	0	0	54	1	1	1	206	1	1	ŀ	ł	ŀ	1
IITHii28																
Creek Chubsucker	נכ	ŀ	;	1	2	43	;	ŀ	ŀ	2	;	1	;	;	1	;
Dollar Sunfish	, ∞	ŀ	ŀ	ł	<u>}</u> ≥	49	ł	ŀ	ı	26	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Eastern Mosquitofish	16	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dr√	na	ŀ	ŀ	1	na	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Eastern Mudminnow	က	ŀ	ŀ	ł	dr∖	38	ı	ŀ	ŀ	51	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Flier	S.	ł	ŀ	ł	dr.	74	ł	ı	1	83	1	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ
Pirate Perch	က	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dr.	54	ı	;	1	99	1	ŀ	1	;	ŀ	;
Redfin Pickerel	7	ŀ	!	1	dry	100	1	!	1	138	1	1	!	ł	1	ŀ
KutzC26																
Bluegill	က	ŀ	ŀ	;	dry	71	I	ŀ	!	92	;	!	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Coastal Shiner	10	ł	ŀ	ł	dry	na	ł	ŀ	1	na	ł	1	ł	ł	1	ł
Dollar Sunfish	7	ł	ł	ł	dry	45	ł	ł	ł	09	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
Dusky Shiner	2	1	ŀ	ł	dry	na	1	ŀ	ŀ	na	ı	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1

		Flectrof	Flectrofishing Results	Sills		Mini	Minimin I e	enath (mm		Max	imim	enath (mm	u)	>	Weight (g)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	'l N	2002	200	2 1993 2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
	Pass	_	7	က	Est.	Pass	_	7	က	Pass	-	7	က	_	7	က
KutzC26 continued																
Eastern Mosquitofish	32	ł	ł	ŀ	dry	na	ł	ł	ł	na	ł	ŀ	ł	ł	ł	ł
Ironcolor Shiner	7	ł	1	ł	dry	na	;	;	!	na	;	ł	1	!	1	1
Mud Sunfish	2	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dr.	73	ł	1	1	100	ŀ	ŀ	1	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Spotted Sunfish	Ŋ	ł	ł	ŀ	dry	09	ł	ł	ł	29	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
UTMee08																
Coastal Shiner	7	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dr	na	ŀ	ŀ	1	na	ł	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ
Common Shiner	တ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dr,	na	ŀ	1	I	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Dollar Sunfish	_	ł	ŀ	ŀ	dry	38	1	1	ı	38	ŀ	ŀ	;	ŀ	ŀ	;
Eastern Mosquitofish	15	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	na	ŀ	;	1	na	ŀ	ŀ	;	ŀ	ŀ	;
Flier	7	1	1	1	dry	22	1	ı	1	22	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	1	1
Ironcolor Shiner	10	1	1	ŀ	dry	na	ł	1	I	na	ł	ŀ	ł	1	1	1
Pirate Perch	4	1	1	ł	dry	24	I	1	1	28	ŀ	ł	1	ŀ	1	ł
Redfin Pickerel	7	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	120	ŀ	;	1	125	ŀ	ŀ	;	ŀ	ŀ	1
Spotted Sucker	_	1	1	1	dry	220	1	1	1	220	1	ŀ	1	1	1	ŀ
UTMil40																
American Eel	_	7	0	_	က	300	235	1	108	300	262	ł	108	4	1	2
Banded Pygmy Sunfish	0	0	_	0	_	ŀ	ŀ	31	!	ŀ	;	31	1	ŀ	_	!
Banded Sunfish	∞	0	0	0	0	45	ŀ	;	1	22	ŀ	ŀ	;	ŀ	ŀ	1
Bluespotted Sunfish	0	0	_	0	_	ł	1	72	ł	ŀ	ł	72	ł	1	∞	ł
Common Shiner	တ	0	0	0	0	na	ł	ł	I	na	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ł	ł	ł
Dollar Sunfish	0	က	0	0	က	ł	77	ŀ	ł	ŀ	63	ŀ	ŀ	38	ŀ	1
Eastern Mosquitofish	32	4	_	7	7	na	4	43	52	na	28	43	59	∞	_	_
Eastern Mudminnow	က	0	0	0	0	25	1	1	!	80	;	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	!
Flier	∞	0	0	0	0	06	1	1	1	100	ŀ	;	1	1	1	1
Redfin Pickerel	9	7	_	-	4	06	93	92	94	190	92	9/	8	7	က	2
Spotted Sunfish	2	0	0	0	0	92	ł	ł	ł	100	ł	ŀ	ł	ł	ł	ł
Swamp Darter	0	0	_	0	_	ł	1	21	ł	ŀ	ŀ	21	ŀ	ł	_	1
Warmouth	0	0	7	0	7	1	ł	66	I	1	ŀ	128	ł	1	20	1
Yellow Bullhead	0	0	0	_	_	:	1	:	120	1	1	1	120	!	1	22

		Flectrof	Flectrofishing Results	SHIPS		Mini	mım lei	mu) yar		Max	imim e	nath (mr	(Weight (a)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2 2002 2	2002	1993	2002	2002	2002		2002	2002
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single	ngle Pass	Pass	Pass	Single Pass	Pass	s Pass P	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
	Lass	_	7	ဂ	ESI.	Lass	_	7	ဂ	rass	-	7	ဂ	_	7	ဂ
Muddy24																
Bluegill	4	0	0	0	0	88	1	1	1	06	1	1	1	ŀ	1	ł
Bluespotted Sunfish	7	0	0	0	0	22	;	;	1	26	ŀ	1	ł	;	ŀ	;
Coastal Shiner	7	0	0	0	0	na	ŀ	ŀ	ł	na	ł	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ł
Common Shiner	4	0	0	0	0	Da	ŀ	;	ŀ	na	ŀ	ı	ı	ł	ŀ	ŀ
Fastern Mosquitofish	C	12	· C	· C	1	:	28	;	;	:	37	;	ŀ	_	ŀ	;
Footon Midwing	o (*	<u>!</u> c	o C	o c	<u>!</u>	Z Z	2			75	5			-		
	ر د	> (> (o (> (2	ł	ŀ	!	2	!	!	!	ł	!	!
Ironcolor Shiner	73	0	0	0	0	٦a	:	1	!	па	1	!	!	:	1	!
Redfin Pickerel	2	0	0	0	0	43	1	1	1	06	1	1	1	1	1	1
Nicho77																
Dollar Sunfish	80	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	51	ŀ	;	ŀ	22	!	ł	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ł
Eastern Mosquitofish	0	ŀ	ł	ŀ	dry	na	ŀ	;	1	na	ł	;	ł	ŀ	ŀ	;
Redfin Pickerel	က	ł	ł	ł	dry	38	ł	ł	ł	110	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
North14																
American Eel	0	œ	က	2	4	ŀ	145	131	165	ł	262	180	212	83	12	8
Banded Sunfish	က	0	0	0	0	43	1	1	1	47	1	1	1	:	:	:
Coastal Shiner	10	· C	· C	C	C	<u>a</u>	ŀ	;	;	2	ł	;	ł	;	ŀ	;
Dusky Shiner) დ	o C) C	o C	o C	<u> </u>	ŀ	ı	ŀ	5 C	ŀ	1	ł	ŀ	ŀ	;
Eastern Mosquitofish	ر بر	o C	o C	۰ ۵	۰ ۸	<u> </u>	;	1	27	5 C	ŀ	1	4	1	;	_
Flier	5 4	o c	o c	1 C	1 C	. נ	1	;	i ¦	5 6	;	;	: :	i	ł	- ¦
D = -	† 1	o (o 0	> 0	o (3 9	!	ł	ł	2 9	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł	ł
Ironcolor Sniner		> (> (> (> (e 5	ŀ	:	1	j a	ŀ	1	1	:	ŀ	:
Mud Suntish	4 ())	o ·)	168	1 :	:	1 ;	1/4	1 7	1 ;	1 ¦	1 (1 :	1 (
Pirate Perch	7	7	2	.	œ ·	73	84	49	28	75	21	23	28	က	10	က
Redfin Pickerel	7	_	_	0	7	45	84	83	I	20	8	93	1	4	9	1
Tadpole Madtom	-	0	0	0	0	80	I	1	1	80	1	1	1	1	1	ŀ
Persi15																
Banded Pygmy Sunfish	4	1	ŀ	ł	dry	34	ł	1	1	20	1	1	1	1	ŀ	ŀ
Bluegill	-	ŀ	ł	ŀ	dr	06	ŀ	1	ŀ	06	ŀ	1	ŀ	1	ŀ	;
Brown Bullhead	7	ł	ł	ŀ	dr	100	ŀ	1	1	134	1	ł	1	ŀ	ł	ŀ
Chain Pickerel	က	ŀ	ł	ŀ	dr∑	34	ŀ	ł	ł	150	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Common Shiner	7	ł	ł	ŀ	dry	٦a	ŀ	ı	ŀ	na	ŀ	1	ł	1	ŀ	;
Dollar Sunfish	က	ŀ	ł	;	dry	40	ŀ	;	ŀ	45	ł	;	ł	ŀ	ŀ	;
Eastern Mosquitofish	6	;	1	;	dr√	na	;	1	1	na	1	!	!	1	;	;
-					,											

		Flectrof	Flectrofishing Results	Sills		Min	mim	nath (mn	(Max	imim l	nath (mr	u)		(eight (g)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2 2002 2	2002	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002
	Single Pass	Pass 1	Pass 2	Pass 3	Pop. Est.	Single Pass	ingle Pass F	Pass 2	Pass 3	Single Pass Pass 1	Pass 1	s Pass P	Pass 3	Pass 1	Pass 2	Pass 3
Persi15 continued																
Flier	4	ŀ	;	ł	dry	65	;	ŀ	ŀ	28	ŀ	ł	;	;	ł	;
Gizzard Shad	က	ŀ	ŀ	;	dry	120	ŀ	;	!	130	ŀ	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	;
Mud Sunfish	က	ł	!	ł	dry	74	ŀ	;	!	28	ł	ł	1	1	ł	;
Pirate Perch	_	ŀ	ŀ	;	dr,	26	ı	;	!	26	ŀ	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	;
Redbreast Sunfish	4	ł	ł	ł	dr	29	ł	ŀ	ı	100	ŀ	ł	ł	ł	}	ł
Redfin Pickerel	2	ŀ	ł	ŀ	dr J	100	ŀ	ŀ	1	350	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	;
Spotted Sunfish	က	ł	ł	ŀ	dry	86	ł	ŀ	!	110	ł	ł	1	1	ŀ	;
Warmouth	7	1	1	1	dry	29	1	I	ŀ	09	ł	ŀ	1	1	!	;
Savan16																
Bluegill	က	ł	ł	ŀ	dry	29	ŀ	ŀ	ł	100	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Bowfin	7	1	ł	ŀ	dry	100	ŀ	ł	!	121	ł	ł	;	;	ŀ	;
Brown Bullhead	က	!	ŀ	ŀ	dry	96	ŀ	ŀ	1	100	ŀ	ŀ	;	;	ŀ	;
Chain Pickerel	က	!	ŀ	ŀ	dry	26	;	ŀ	ı	20	ŀ	ŀ	;	;	ŀ	;
Common Shiner	9	ł	ł	ł	dry	na	ł	I	I	na	1	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ	1
Eastern Mosquitofish	16	ł	ł	ł	dry	na	ł	ł	ł	na	ł	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ł
Largemouth Bass	_	1	1	ŀ	dry	130	1	1	1	130	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mud Sunfish	က	ŀ	ł	;	dry	80	I	ŀ	1	06	ł	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	1
Pirate Perch	7	ł	!	ŀ	dry	20	I	;	!	26	ŀ	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	:
Redbreast Sunfish	က	1	1	;	dry	86	1	ı	ı	100	I	1	1	1	;	1
Redfin Pickerel	7	ŀ	ł	ŀ	dry	32	ŀ	1	1	150	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ	1
Spotted Sunfish	4	ł	ł	ł	dry	78	ł	ł	ł	98	ł	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ł
Warmouth	က	1	1	1	dry	74	1	l	I	77	1	1	1	1	!	1
Steed30																
American Eel	0	_	က	-	2	ŀ	189	22	243	!	189	162	243	7	10	20
Chain Pickerel	က	0	0	0	0	25	ł	ł	ł	100	1	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ	1
Coastal Shiner	8	0	0	0	0	na	I	ŀ	1	na	1	1	1	1	1	1
Creek Chubsucker	4	0	0	0	0	86	ŀ	ŀ	1	97	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
Eastern Mosquitofish	30	0	7	_	က	na	ł	37	18	na	ł	4	9	1	_	1
Eastern Mudminnow	0	0	7	0	7	ŀ	ŀ	20	!	1	ŀ	8	;	;	10	;
Flier	0	7	0	0	7	ŀ	27	ŀ	ı	1	26	ŀ	!	22	ŀ	ŀ
Golden Shiner	က	7	_	0	က	87	102	108	1	100	110	108	1	19	10	1
Hogchoker (sole)	0	0	4	4	∞ ·	ŀ	ł	28	54	ł	1	30	40	ł	_	<u> </u>
Least Killitish	0	0	0	_	_	:	1	1	16	1	1	1	16	1	1	V

		Flectro	Flectrofishing Results	Stills		Min	Minimum I er	enath (mm)		Max	imim	enath (mm)	(>	Weight (a)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	וייווי	2002	100	1993 2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002	2002
	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pop.	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Single	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
	Pass	_	7	က	Est.	Pass	_	7	က	Pass	_	7	က	_	7	က
Steed30 continued																
Mud Sunfish	0	_	0	0	~	ŀ	105	;	;	;	105	;	ŀ	22	ŀ	;
Pirate Perch	2	19	19	7	49	22	22	23	54	26	91	98	83	99	22	59
Redfin Pickerel	7	_	_	0	7	49	129	82	ı	300	129	82	ŀ	1	4	1
Swamp Darter	2	0	0	0	0	36	I	1	ŀ	37	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1
Warmouth	0	0	0	_	_	;	1	ı	<u> </u>	1	ı	;	77	;	ŀ	တ
Yellow Bullhead	_	0	0	0	0	120	1	1	ŀ	120	1	1	!	!	1	1
UTTur31																
Dusky Shiner	∞	ŀ	!	1	dry	na	1	1	1	na	I	ł	!	ŀ	ŀ	1
Eastern Mosquitofish	28	ł	ł	ł	dry	na	1	1	ł	na	ł	ł	ŀ	ŀ	1	1
Eastern Mudminnow	က	1	ŀ	ŀ	dry	34	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	28	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	;
Pirate Perch	9	ł	1	ŀ	dry	34	ł	1	1	110	1	1	1	1	ŀ	1
UTWad22																
Bluegill	က	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	96	ŀ	1	ŀ	66	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ł	!
Coastal Shiner	4	ł	ł	ł	dry	na	ł	1	ł	na	ł	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1
Eastern Mosquitofish	19	1	ŀ	ŀ	dry	na	1	1	1	na	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
Lined Topminnow	က	1	ł	1	dry	34	1	ı	ı	20	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
Spotted Sunfish	4	1	ł	ŀ	dry	44	1	1	ŀ	100	1	ŀ	ŀ	1	1	1
Tadpole Madtom	က	1	ŀ	!	dry	99	ŀ	ŀ	1	78	1	1	!	1	ŀ	ŀ
UTWam44																
American Eel	0	_	0	-	7	ł	183	;	240	;	183	ŀ	240	10	ł	22
Coastal Shiner	0	0	0	_	_	ł	1	1	22	1	ŀ	;	22	ł	ł	2
Eastern Mosquitofish	21	15	10	9	42	na	4	8	20	na	20	38	25	9	7	9
Eastern Mudminnow	7	0	0	0	0	26	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	80	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	;
Ironcolor Shiner	ω	0	0	0	0	na	ł	;	1	na	ŀ	1	ł	1	ŀ	;
Mud Sunfish	~	0	0	0	0	26	ŀ	;	ŀ	26	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	;
Pirate Perch	2	0	0	0	0	42	1	1	ŀ	26	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	1
Redfin Pickerel	2	0	0	0	0	73	1	1	ŀ	83	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	1
Warmouth	3	0	0	0	0	27	!	ł	I	130	ł	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1

		Flactro	Flectrofishing Results	ofilite		Mini	mim le	mul) Hur		Max	imim	nath (mn	(1	>	Weight (g)	
	1993	2002	2002	2002	2002	1993	2002	2 2002 2	002	1993	2002	2002	2002		2002	2002
	Single Pass	Pass 1	Pass 2	Pass 3	Pop. Est.	Single Pass	ingle Pass F	Pass 2	ass 3	Single Pass Pass 1	Pass 1	s Pass P 2	Pass 3	Pass 1	Pass 2	Pass 3
Wando10 Flier	4		1	ŀ	umews	64	1	ŀ		70	ŀ	ŀ	ł	1	ł	
Golden Shiner	- ო	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	swamp	69	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	22	ŀ	ł	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Ironcolor Shiner	5	ŀ	ŀ	ł	swamp	_ _ _ _	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	_ _ _ _	ŀ	ł	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ŀ
Eastern Mosquitofish	Ξ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	swamp	na	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	na	ŀ	ł	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Warmouth	4	ł	ŀ	ł	swamp	09	ł	ŀ	ł	120	ł	ł	ł	ŀ	ł	ŀ
Wando11																
Bluespotted Sunfish	2	0	0	0	0	39	ł	ŀ	1	09	ŀ	ł	ł	ŀ	ł	ŀ
Coastal Shiner	15	0	0	0	0	na	1	ŀ	ı	na	ı	1	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ł
Common Shiner	∞	0	0	0	0	na	1	ŀ	ı	na	ı	1	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Eastern Mosquitofish	17	0	0	0	0	na	1	ŀ	;	na	ŀ	!	1	ŀ	1	ŀ
Flier	7	0	0	0	0	45	1	ŀ	;	06	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ł
Golden Shiner	4	0	0	0	0	49	ı	ŀ	ŀ	75	ŀ	1	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Lined Topminnow	က	0	0	0	0	44	ı	ŀ	ŀ	74	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	1	1
Redear Sunfish	4	0	0	0	0	26	I	ŀ	;	09	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ł	ł
Redfin Pickerel	က	0	0	0	0	40	ŀ	ŀ	;	100	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	1	ł
Warmouth	9	0	0	0	0	44	1	ŀ	ŀ	100	1	1	¦	ŀ	¦	1
UTWan51 Dollar Sunfish	ι	ł	;	ł	2	7.1	ł	;	ļ	78	ł	ł	ł	;	ł	ł
Fastern Mosquitofish	, C				<u>5</u> 5	- 6			 	2 6						
Eastern Mudminnow	2 %	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	dry	45	I	ŀ	ŀ	20	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ
Wedbo09																
Bluespotted Sunfish	0	2	4	_	12	!	30	32	63	ŀ	71	89	63	21	12	4
Coastal Shiner	7	0	0	0	0	na	I	ŀ	ŀ	na	1	ł	1	ŀ	ł	ŀ
Creek Chubsucker	4	7	0	7	4	65	101	ł	100	120	124	I	103	4	1	27
Dollar Sunfish	0	0	0	_	0	!	1	I	82	;	I	1	82	ŀ	1	12
Eastern Mosquitofish	19	2	16	9	31	na	59	15	30	na	36	49	37	_	7	7
Eastern Mudminnow	0	_	_	7	4	!	42	20	4	1	42	20	4	_	_	က
Flier	4	က	2	_	14	20	40	39	40	29	49	68	4	2	18	_
Mud Sunfish	_	4	2	9	15	20	22	21	21	20	73	25	62	19	17	23
Pirate Perch	0	0	_	_	7	1	1	37	96	ŀ	ŀ	37	96	ŀ	_	12
Redfin Pickerel	_	0	0	_	_	180	I	ŀ	118	180	1	ŀ	118	ŀ	1	10
Warmouth	0	_	0	0	_	1	158	1	I	1	158	1	1	98	:	:

Appendix C: Key to habitat features identified during habitat surveys

Table C1. Description of habitat types used during BVET habitat surveys on the Andrew Pickens Ranger District, summer 2001 and 2002, modified from Armantrout (1998).

II 1 1 4 7 T	C: D 1D C1	C 1: + (0/)	C C T 1 1	XX7 / X7 1 */
Habitat Type	Stream Bed Profile	Gradient (%)	Surface Turbulence	Water Velocity
Pool	concave	<1	none to high	low
Glide	flat	<1	none	low
Run	flat	>1	low to none	high
Riffle	convex	>1	moderate to high	high
Cascade	convex	>12%	very high	very high

Table C2. Size classes used to categorize substrate particles during BVET habitat surveys on the Andrew Pickens Ranger District, summer 2001 and 2002, based on modified Wentworth scale. Size was visually estimated on the intermediate axis (b-axis).

Size Class	Name	Size (mm)	Description
1	Organic		Dead organic matter, leaves, detritus, etc.
2	Clay	< 0.00024	Sticky
3	Silt	0.00024-0.0039	Slippery
4	Sand	0.0039-2	Gritty
5	Small Gravel	3-16	Sand to thumbnail
6	Large Gravel	17-64	Thumbnail to fist
7	Cobble	65-256	Fist to head
8	Boulder	>256	Larger than head
9	Bedrock		Solid parent material

Table C3. Size classes used to categorize large woody debris during BVET habitat surveys on the Andrew Pickens Ranger District, summer 2001 and 2002. Woody debris < 1.0 m in length or < 10 cm in diameter were omitted.

Size Class	Length (m)	Diameter (cm)
1	< 5	10-55
2	< 5	> 55
3	> 5	10-55
4	> 5	> 55